

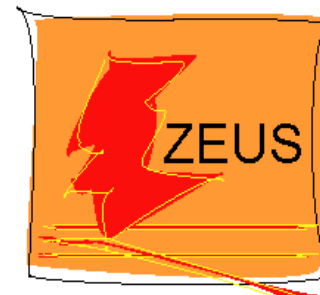
Inclusive charm production in DIS at HERA

QCD@LHC, DESY, Hamburg, Germany
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Ganna Dolinska

DESY

On behalf of the **H1** and **ZEUS** Collaborations



Overview

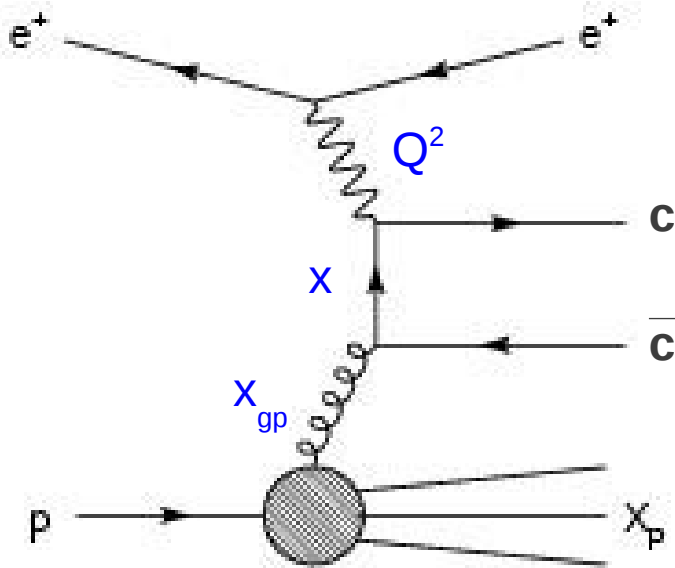
- Theory introduction
- HERA combination results:
 - Combined data
 - Test of different GM VFNS
 - Optimizing c mass
 - W and Z production @ LHC predictions
 - PDFs
 - Test of FFNS
- Recent results

Charm production at HERA

Heavy flavour production in DIS @ HERA

up to
~30% charm
~ 3% beauty

of total DIS cross section



Dominant process of charm production @ HERA – **Boson-Gluon Fusion (BGF)**



sensitive to gluon density in proton

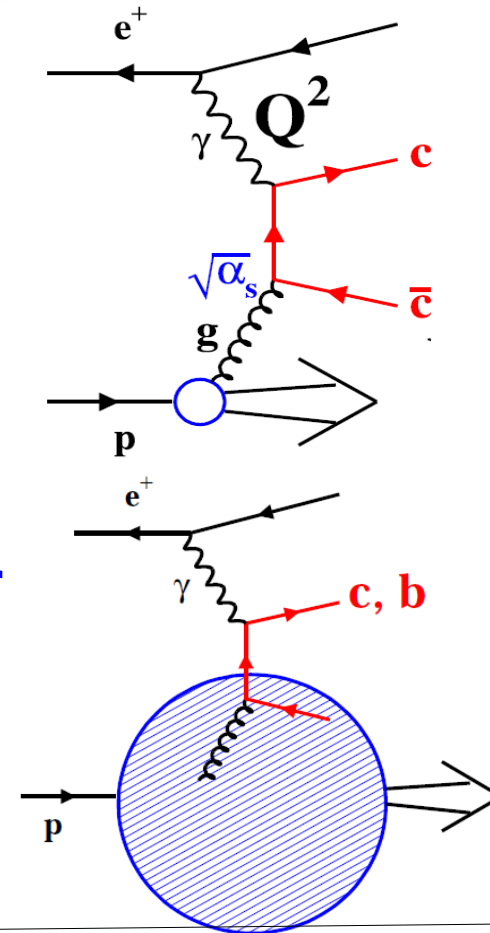
Heavy quark schemes

- **Fixed Flavour Number Scheme**

- *Charm is massive, produced only in hard scattering process*
- $Q^2 \sim m_c^2$

- **Zero Mass Variable Flavour number scheme**

- *Charm is massless parton in proton*
- $Q^2 \gg m_c^2$



General Mass Variable Number Scheme

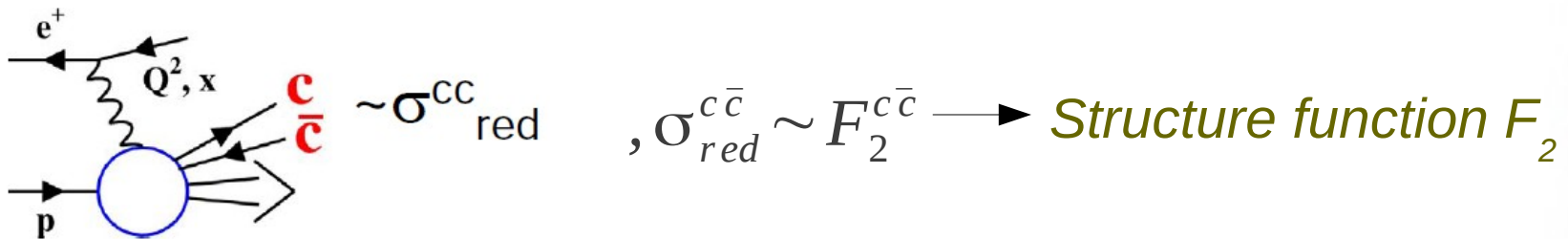
Combination of FFNS & ZM VFNS with some interpolation "in between"

Charm structure functions in inclusive DIS measurements

$$\frac{d\sigma^{c\bar{c}}}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{xQ^4} \sigma_{red}^{c\bar{c}}$$

Inclusive charm cross section

Reduced cross section



To measure σ_{red} : $\sigma_{red}^{c\bar{c}}(x_i, Q_i^2) \sim \sigma_{i, meas} \frac{\sigma_{red, theo}^{c\bar{c}}(x_i, Q_i^2)}{\sigma_{i, theo}}$

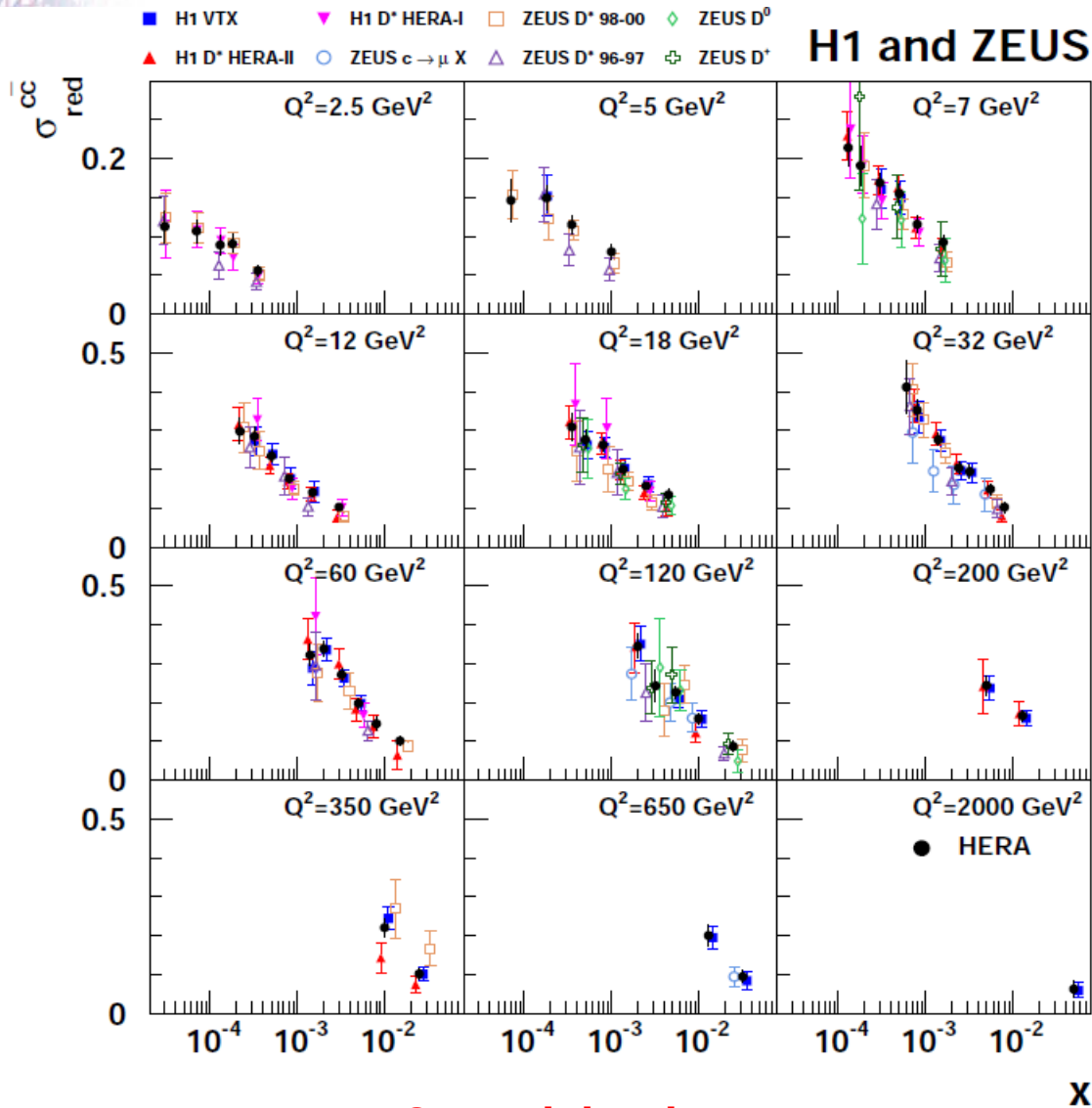
From massive NLO (HVQDIS)

HERA

combination

HERA combined results

DESY-12-172



- **9** data sets
- **5** tagging methods (D^* , D^+ , D^0 , μ , lifetime)
- **155** measurements
- **52** cross sections
- **48** correlated systematic uncertainties

Data consistent

$$\chi^2 / ndof = 62 / 103$$

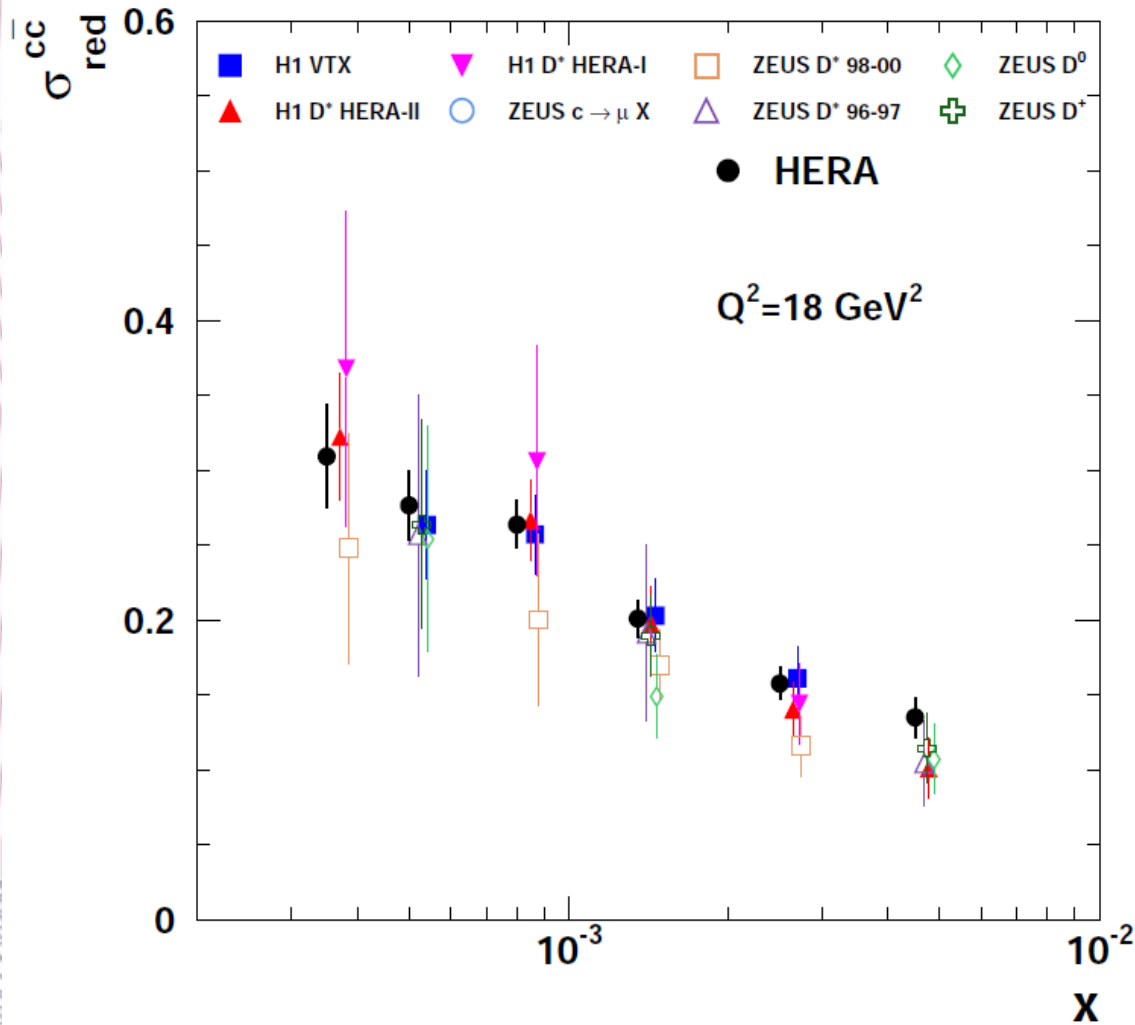
Factor 2 precision improvement

HERA combined results

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Uncertainty reaches ~ 6%

H1 and ZEUS



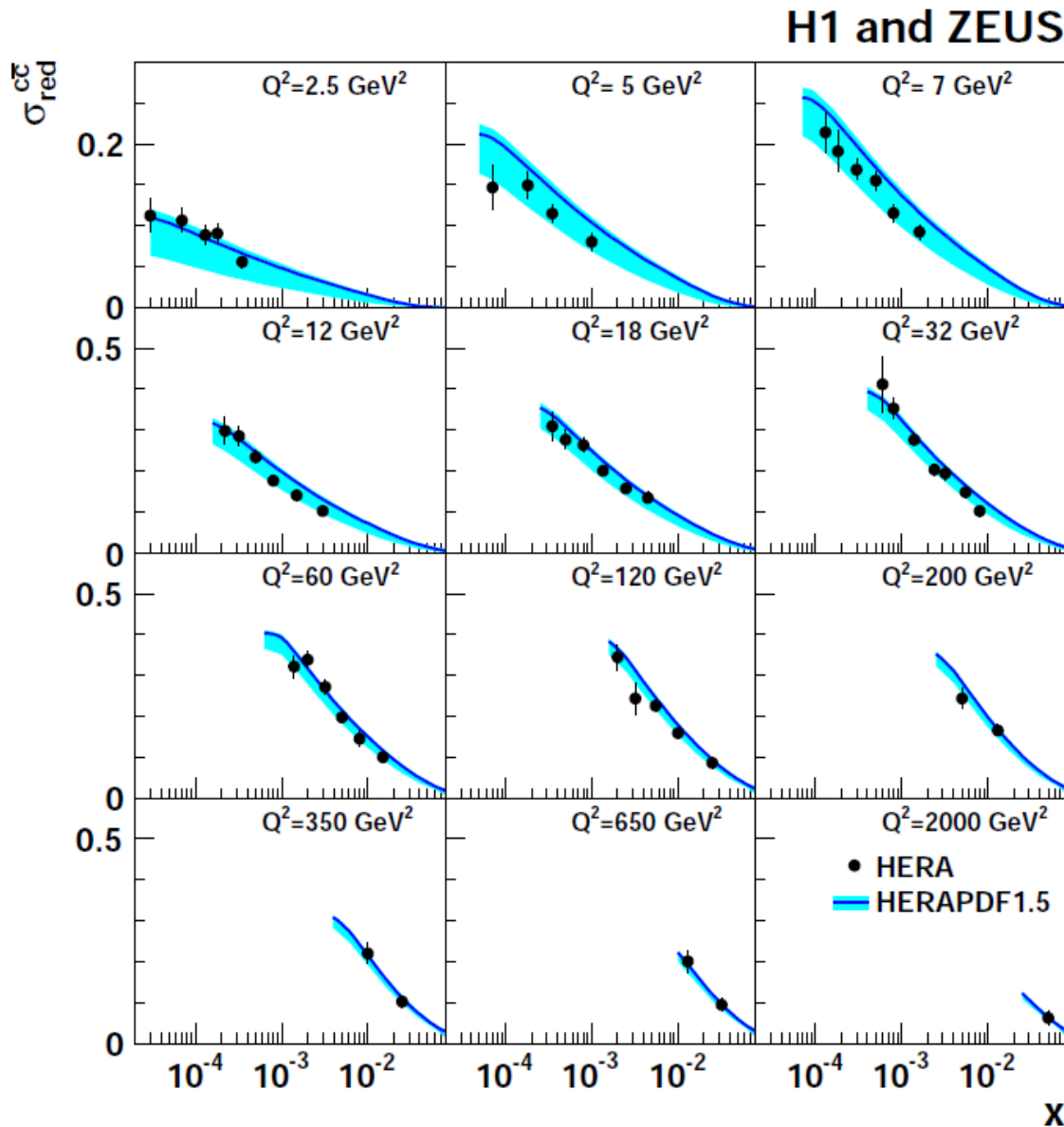
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Data consistent

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HERA combined results

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Comparison to GM-VMNS

HERAPDF1.5 provides
good description of
data → nice!

Big theoretical
uncertainty due to
charm mass variation



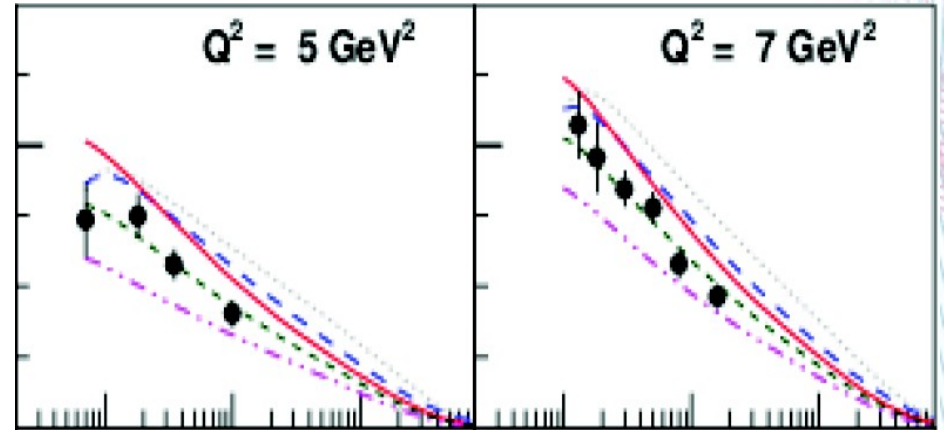
HERA data can help to optimize

Charm mass fit

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$m_c = 1.4 \text{ GeV}$

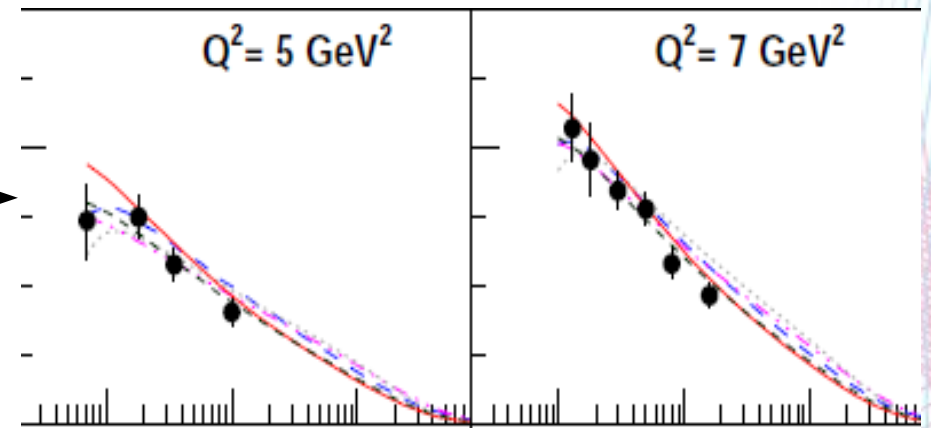
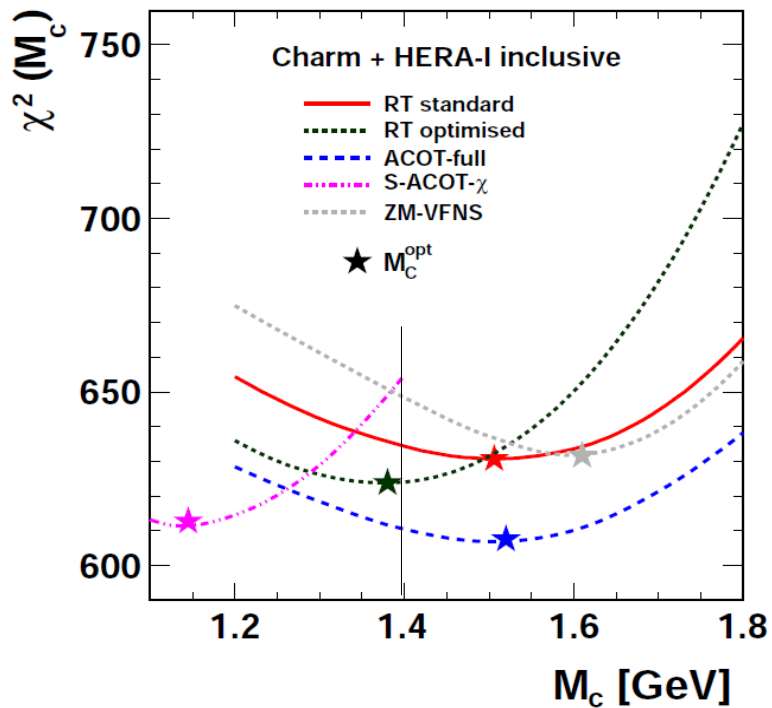
— RT standard - - ACOT-full ··· ZM-VFNS
- - - RT optimised ···· S-ACOT- χ



Some schemes fail with $m_c = 1.4 \text{ GeV}$

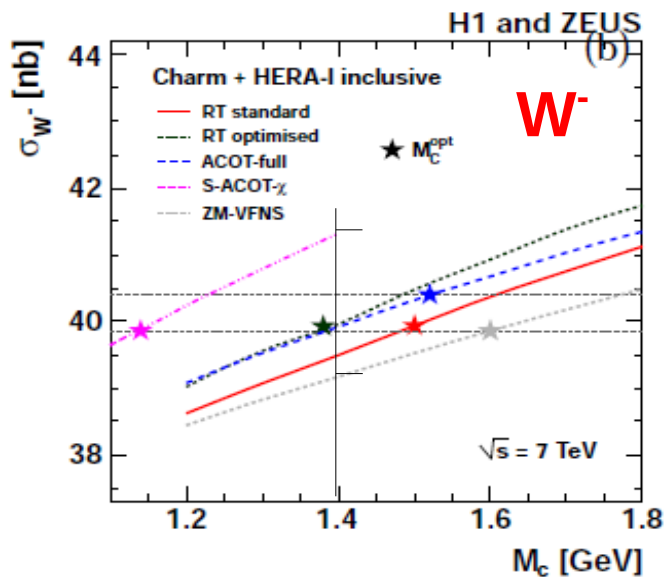
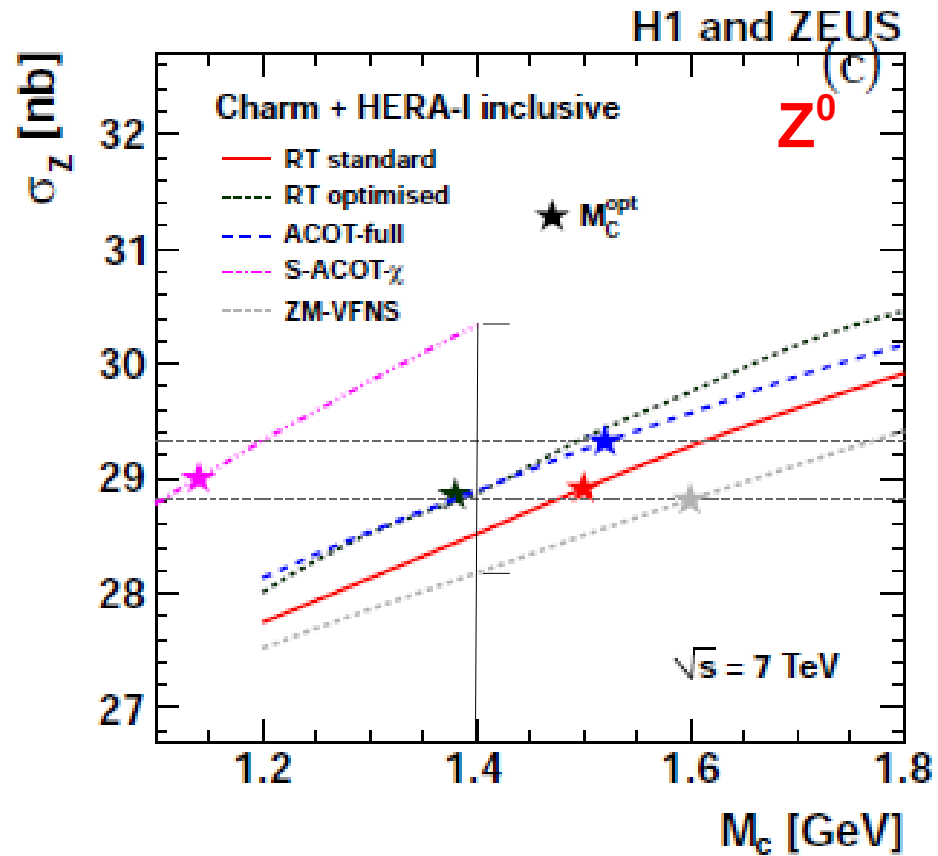
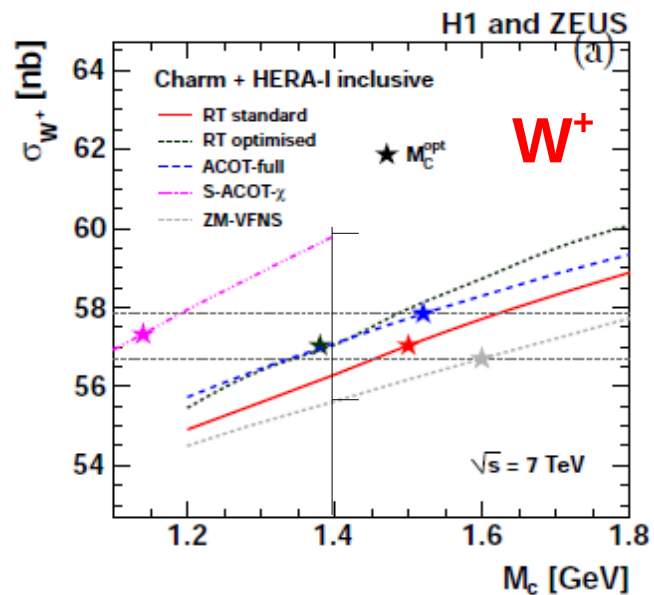
PDF fit to HERA I data

H1 and ZEUS



Compensated if using optimal M_c

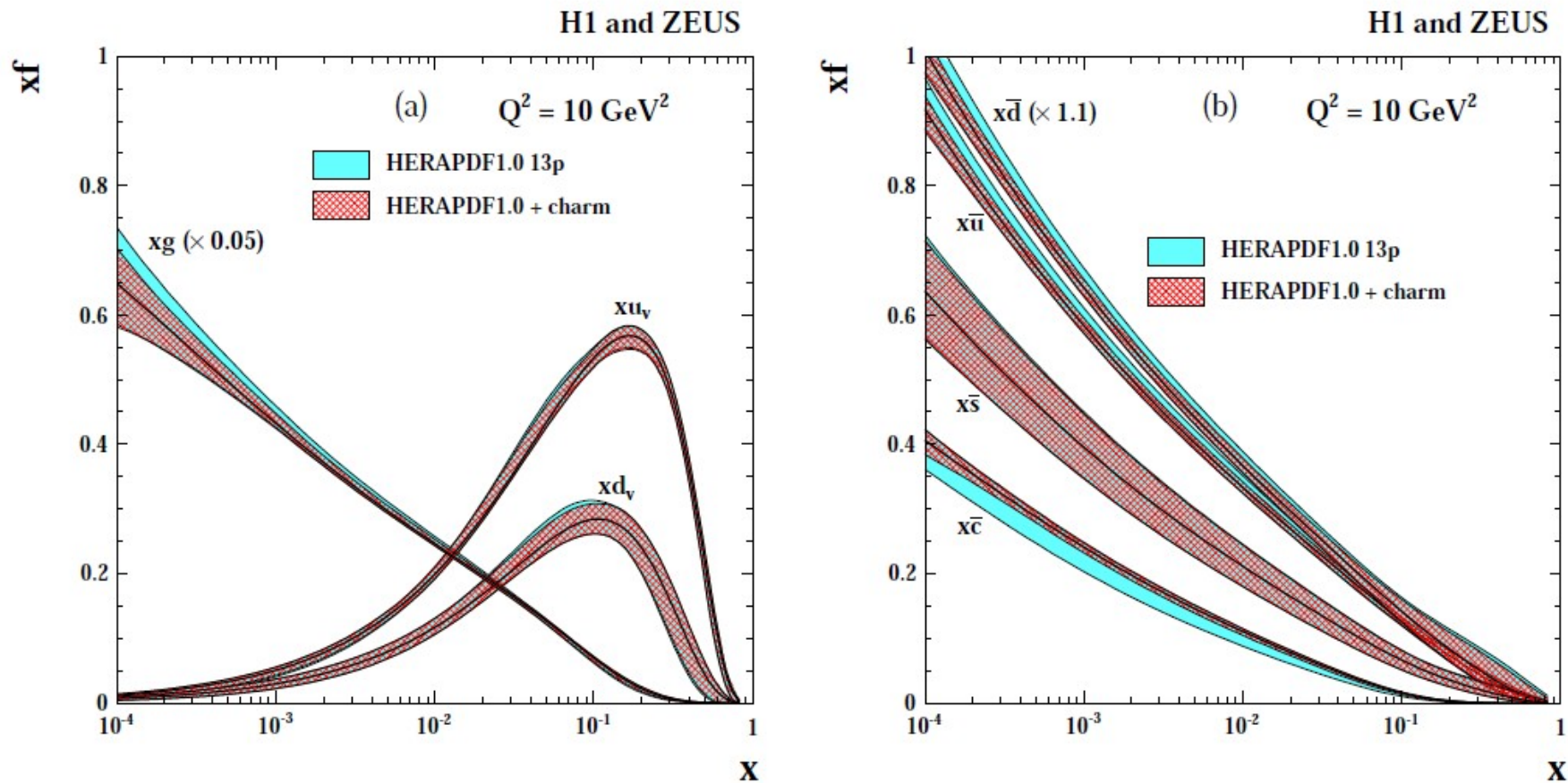
Z and W predictions for LHC



PDFs from HERA \rightarrow Z & W production cross sections for LHC at 7 TeV

Spread between different theories much smaller, if we use optimized M_c

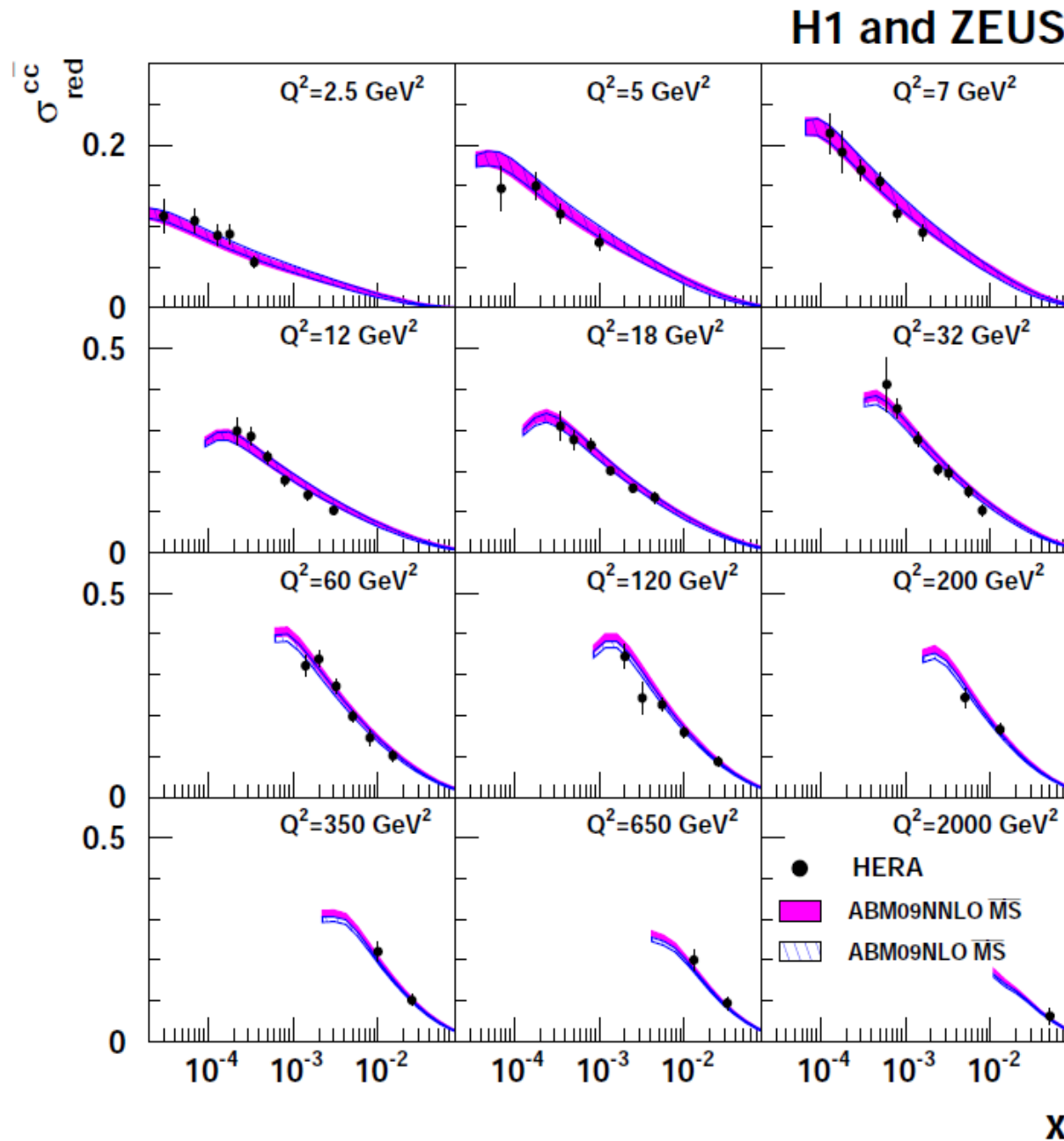
Impact of charm data on PDF



Inclusion of charm data to the fit decreased the error on sea flavour components

Comparisson to FFNS

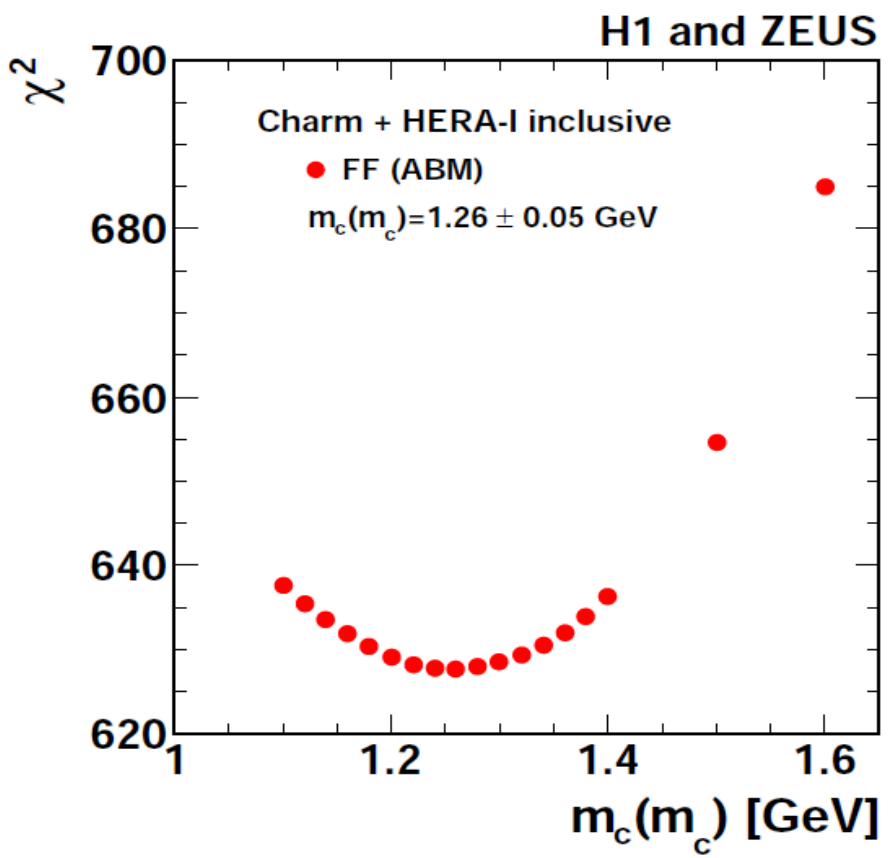
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NLO+(partial)NNLO
with running mass
scheme

**Good description
in the whole
kinematic range of
the measurement**

Running charm mass



Fit used inclusive DIS data and combined charm

$m_c(m_c) = 1.26 \pm 0.05_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.03_{\text{mod}} \pm 0.02_{\text{param}} \pm 0.02_{\alpha_s}$ GeV → **fit result**

$m_c(m_c) = 1.275 \pm 0.025$ GeV → **world average**



*Recent
measurements*

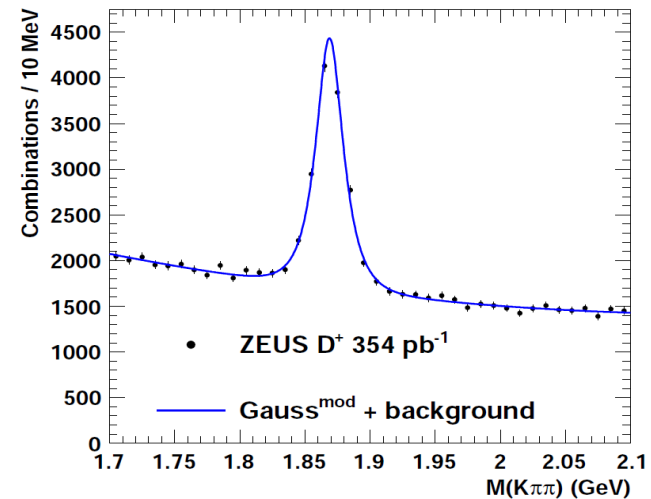
Charm with D+ mesons

DESY-13-028

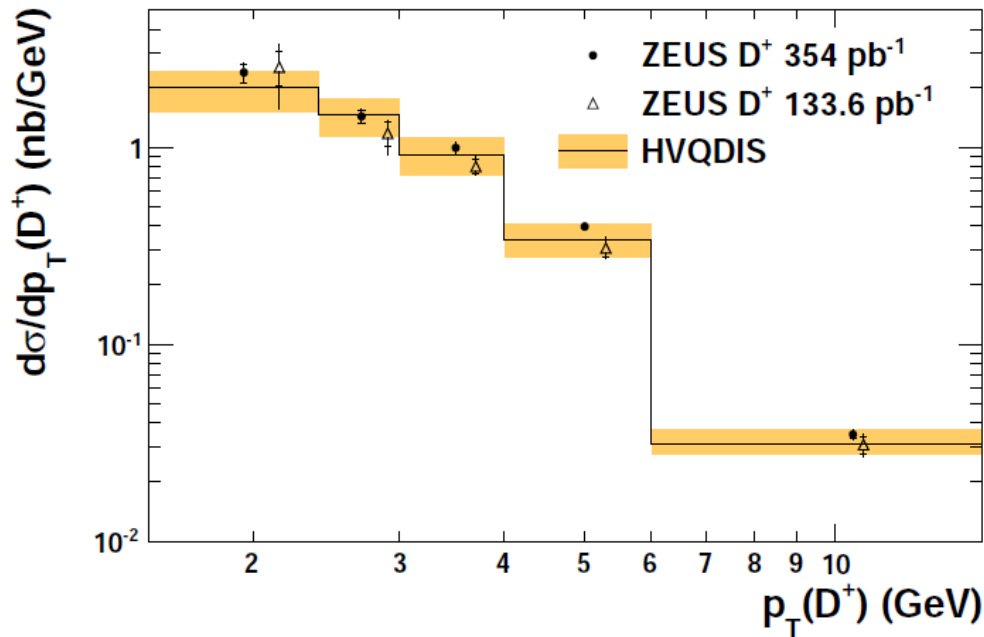
Tagging with D+:

- $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$
- $1.5 \text{ GeV} < p_t(D^+) < 15 \text{ GeV}$
- Secondary vertex used

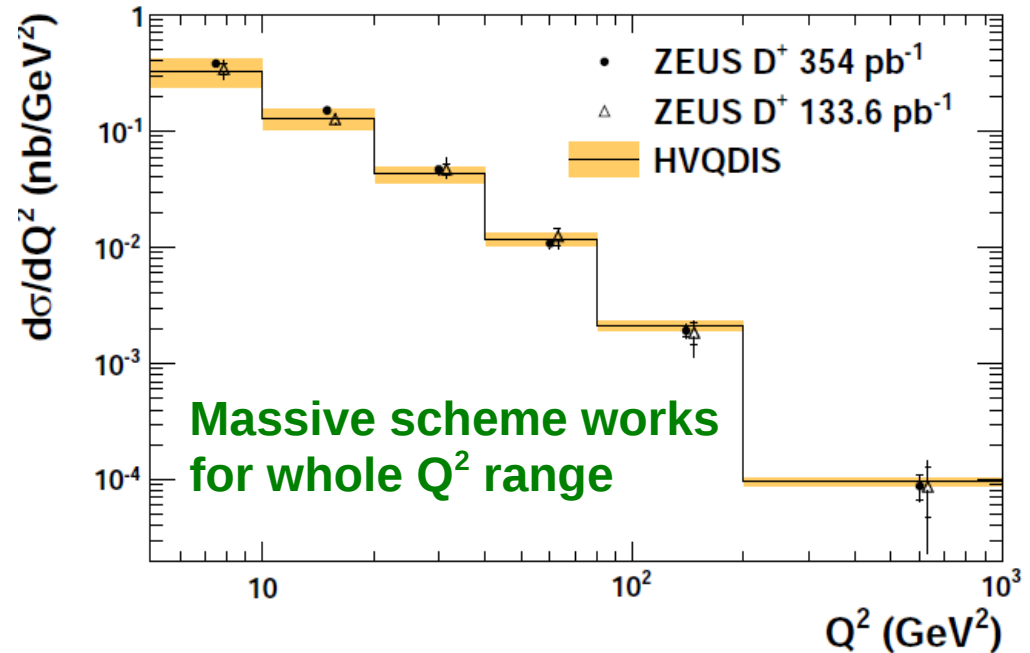
ZEUS



ZEUS



ZEUS



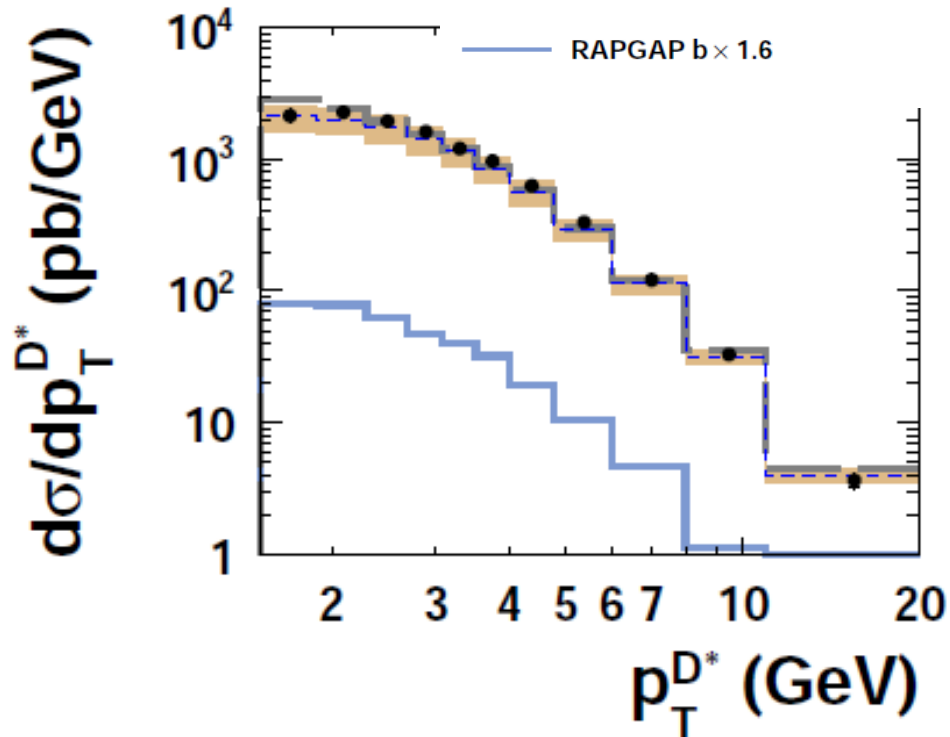
Charm with D^* mesons

DESY-13-054

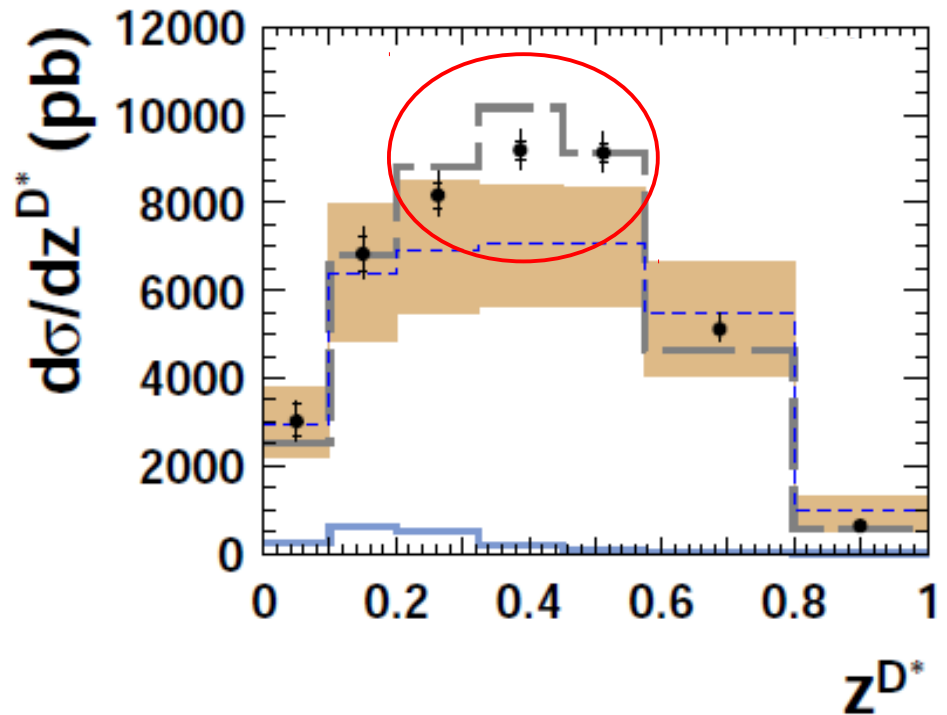
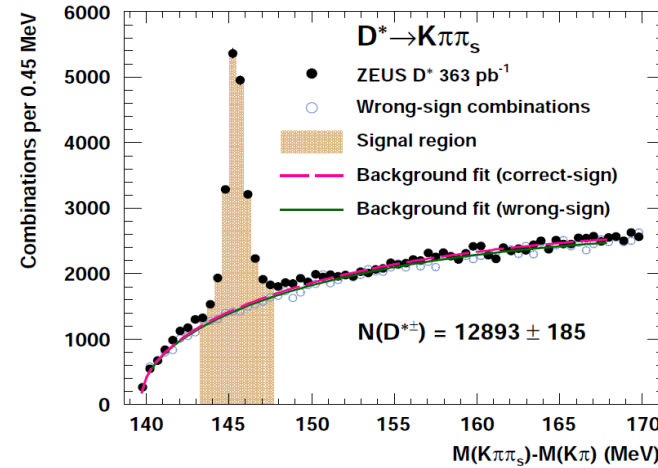
Tagging with D^* :

- $D^* \rightarrow D^0 \pi_s^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi_s^+$
- $1.5 \text{ GeV} < p_t(D^+) < 20 \text{ GeV}$

- ZEUS D^* 363 pb^{-1}
- HVQDIS + RAPGAP $b \times 1.6$
- RAPGAP BGF $c \times 1.1 + b \times 1.6$
- RAPGAP $b \times 1.6$



ZEUS



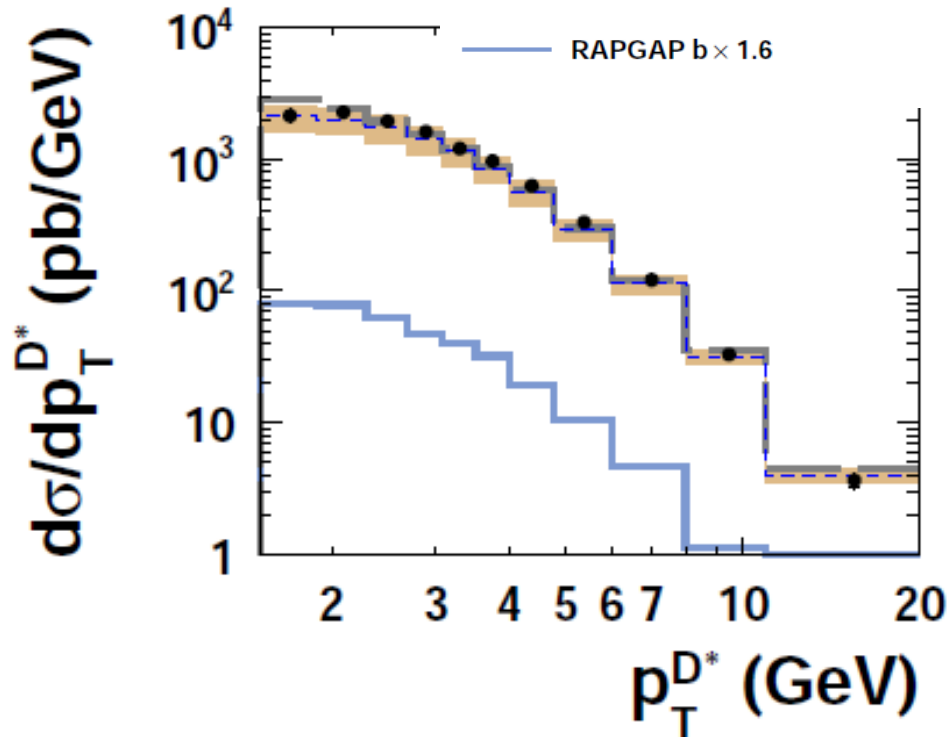
Charm with D^* mesons

DESY-13-054

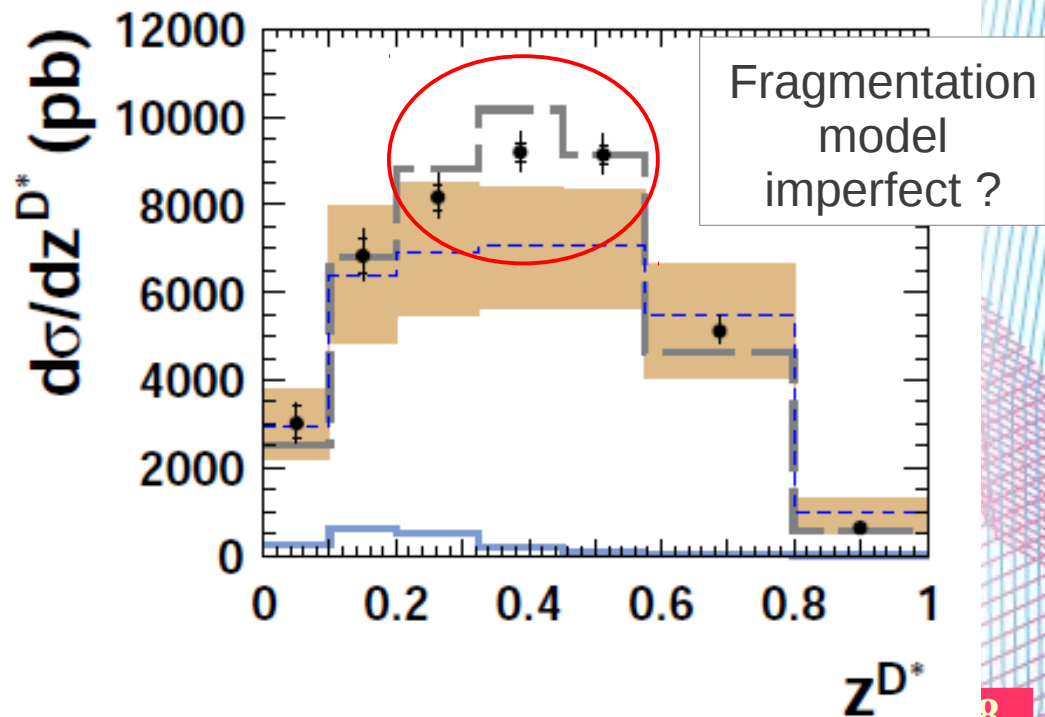
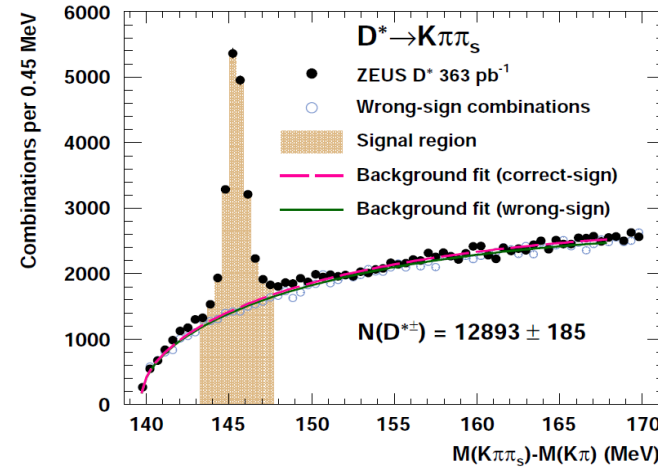
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- HVQDIS + RAPGAP $b \times 1.6$
- RAPGAP BGF $c \times 1.1 + b \times 1.6$
- RAPGAP $b \times 1.6$



ZEUS

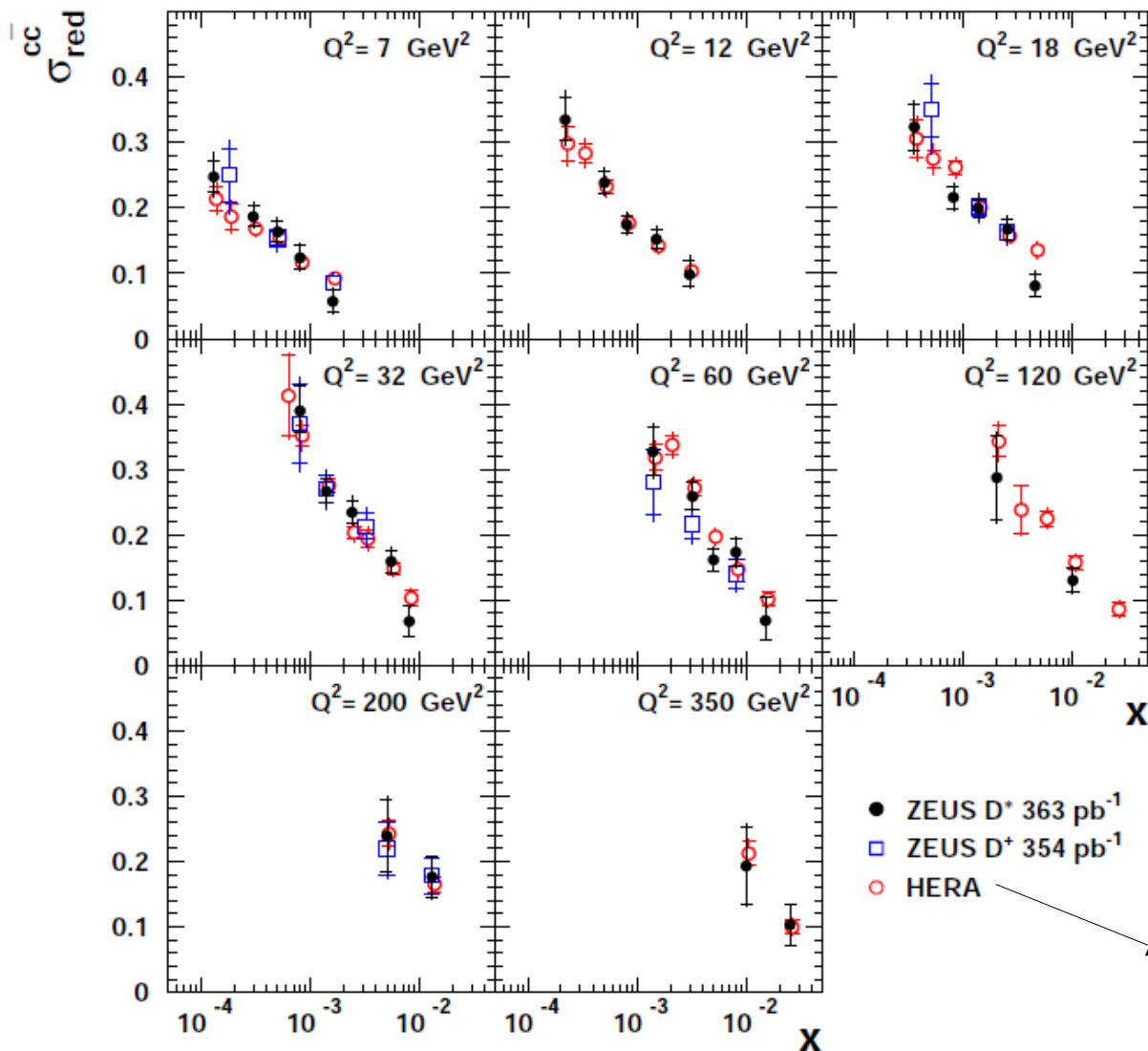


Charm with D^* mesons

DESY-13-054

$\sigma_{\text{red}}^{\text{CC}}$

ZEUS



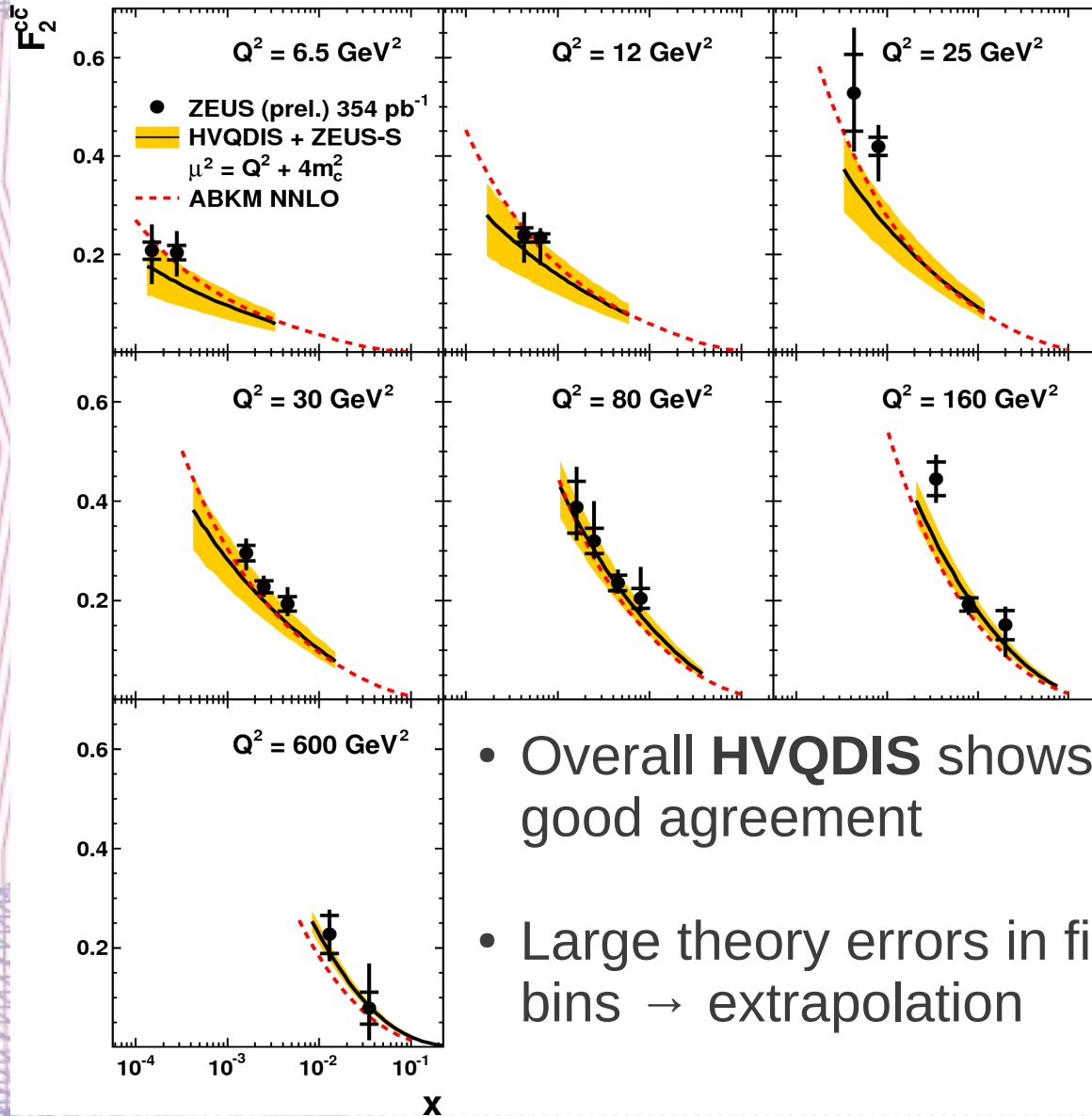
- All results are in a *good agreement*

- D^* measurement sometimes shows *similar precision to the combination*

Previous HERA data combined

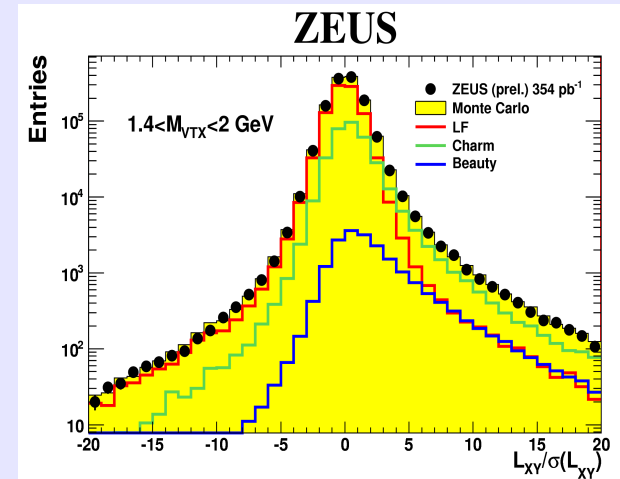
Charm inclusive measurement

ZEUS



- Overall **HVQDIS** shows good agreement
- Large theory errors in first bins → extrapolation

- **Lifetime tagging**



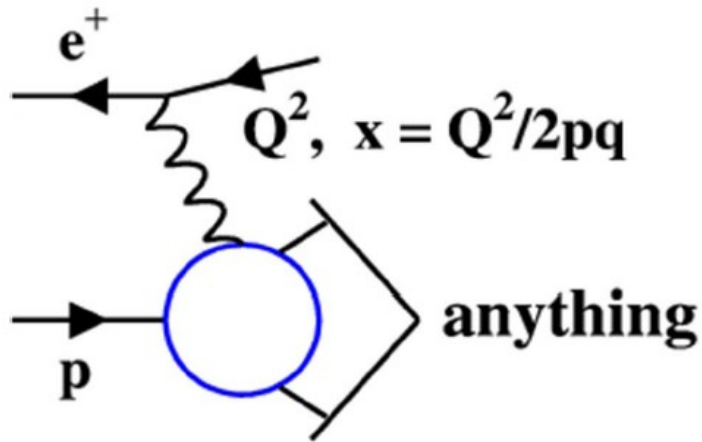
- $E_t(\text{jet}) > 4.2 \text{ GeV}$

Conclusions

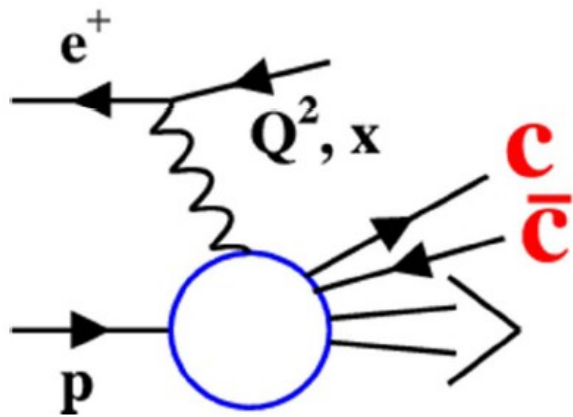
- **HERA DIS charm data was combined** → precise data for testing heavy quark terms in pQCD
- **Theoretical description is nice:**
 - Different NLO QCD with GM VFNS provide somewhat different results
→ compensated by optimizing charm mass
 - Addition of charm data improved knowledge of sea flavour decomposition
 - Precise prediction of W and Z production
- **FFNS:**
 - Describes data in the whole kinematic range
- **New results for D* and D+ measurements, not included to combination:**
 - Precise
 - Possibility of further improvement of HERA charm combination

Backup

$$F_2^{cc}$$



$$\frac{d^2\sigma^{ep}}{dQ^2 dx} \propto F_2(x, Q^2)$$

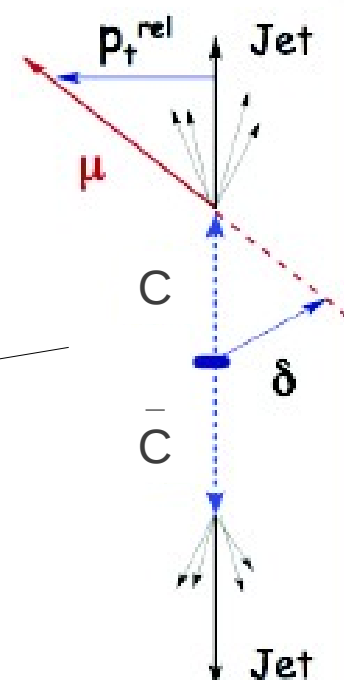
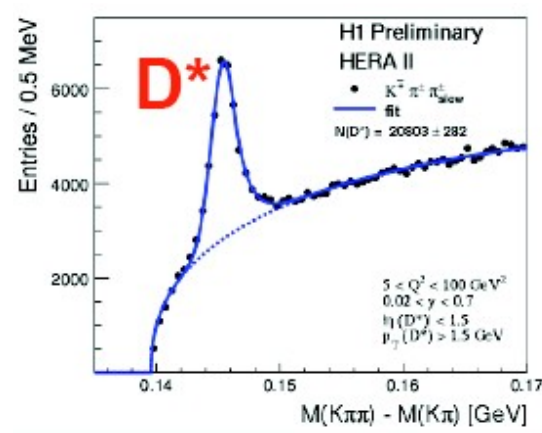
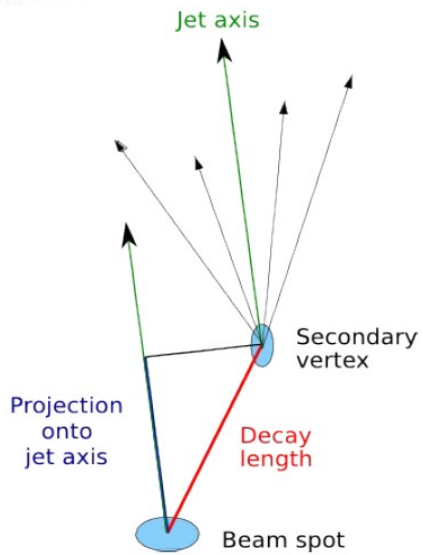


$$\frac{d^2\sigma^{ep \rightarrow c\bar{c}x}}{dQ^2 dx} \propto F_2^{c\bar{c}}(x, Q^2)$$

Different theory calculations

Theory	Scheme	Ref.	$F_{2(L)}^c$ def.	m_c [GeV]	Massive ($Q^2 \lesssim m_c^2$)	Massless ($Q^2 \gg m_c^2$)	$\alpha_s(m_Z)$ ($n_f = 5$)	Scale	Included charm data
MSTW08 NLO	RT standard	[28]	$F_{2(L)}^c$	1.4 (pole)	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$	0.12108	Q	[1, 4-6, 8, 9, 11]
MSTW08 NNLO	RT optimised	[31]	$F_{2(L)}^c$	1.4 (pole)	approx.- $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$	0.11707	Q	
MSTW08 NLO (opt.)					$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$	0.12108		
MSTW08 NNLO (opt.)					approx.- $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$	0.11707		
HERAPDF1.5 NLO	RT standard	[55]	$F_{2(L)}^c$	1.4 (pole)	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$	0.1176	Q	HERA inclusive DIS only
NNPDF2.1 FONLL A	FONLL A	[30]	n.a.	$\sqrt{2}$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$	0.119	Q	[4-6, 12, 13, 15, 18]
NNPDF2.1 FONLL B	FONLL B		$F_{2(L)}^c$	$\sqrt{2}$ (pole)	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$			
NNPDF2.1 FONLL C	FONLL C		$F_{2(L)}^c$	$\sqrt{2}$ (pole)	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$			
CT10 NLO	S-ACOT- χ	[22]	n.a.	1.3	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$	0.118	$\sqrt{Q^2 + m_c^2}$	[4-6, 8, 9]
CT10 NNLO (prel.)		[56]	$F_{2(L)}^{c\bar{c}}$	1.3 (pole)	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$			
ABKM09 NLO	FFNS	[57]	$F_{2(L)}^{c\bar{c}}$	1.18 (\overline{MS})	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$	-	0.1135	$\sqrt{Q^2 + 4m_c^2}$	for mass optimisation only
ABKM09 NNLO					approx.- $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$	-			

Tagging methods



Combination

