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(on behalf of the
ZEUS collaboration)

Elastic Z^0 production at HERA

- HERA and ZEUS
- EW bosons@HERA
- Z^0 Search strategy
- Background estimation
- Results

available as Phys. Lett. B718 (2013) 915

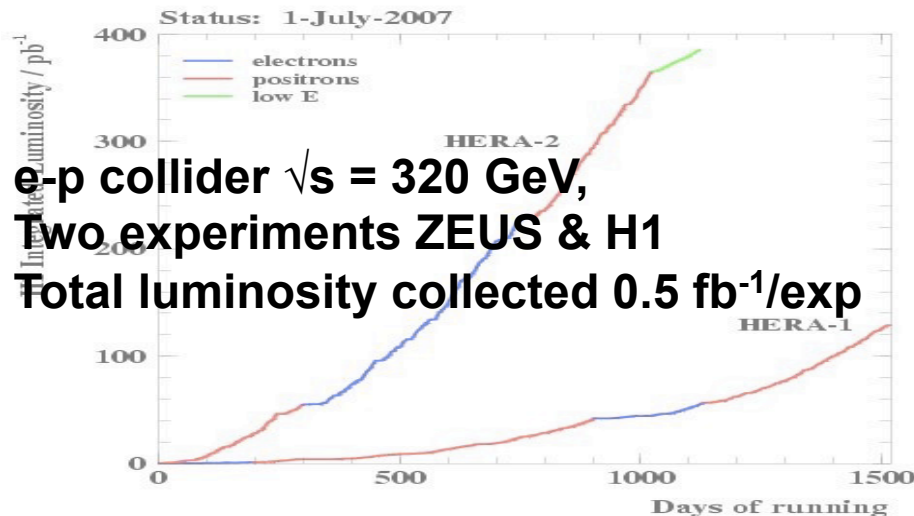
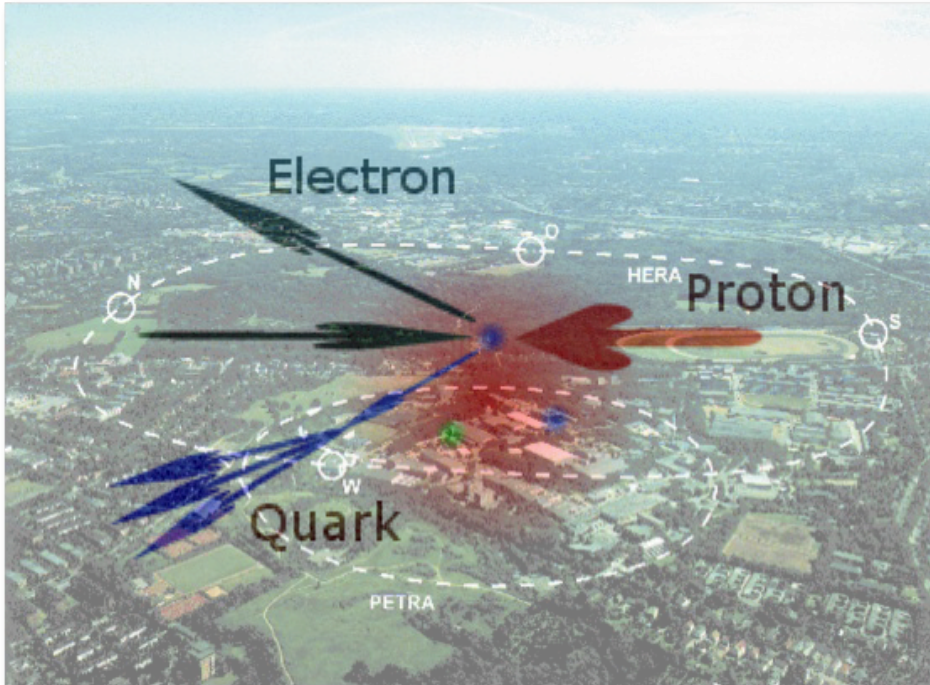


37th INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE
ON HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS

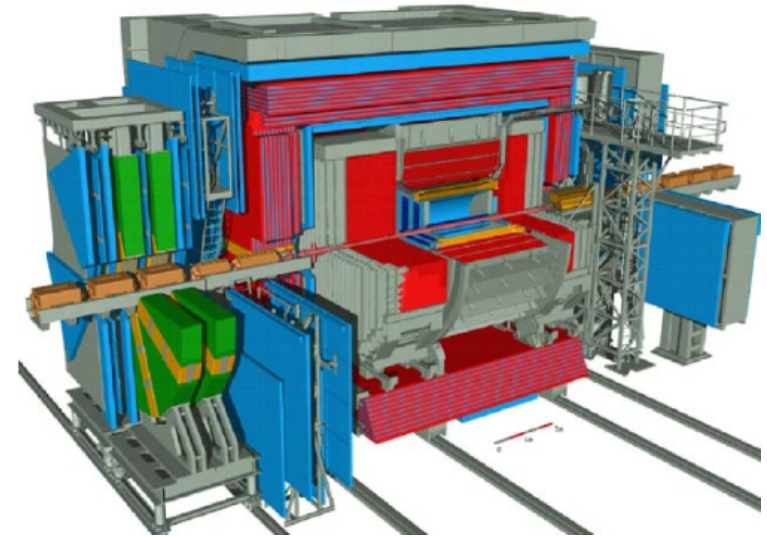
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HERA

HERA-1 (1993-2000) ≈ 120 pb $^{-1}$
HERA-2 (2000-2007) ≈ 380 pb $^{-1}$



ZEUS



General-purpose 4π detector

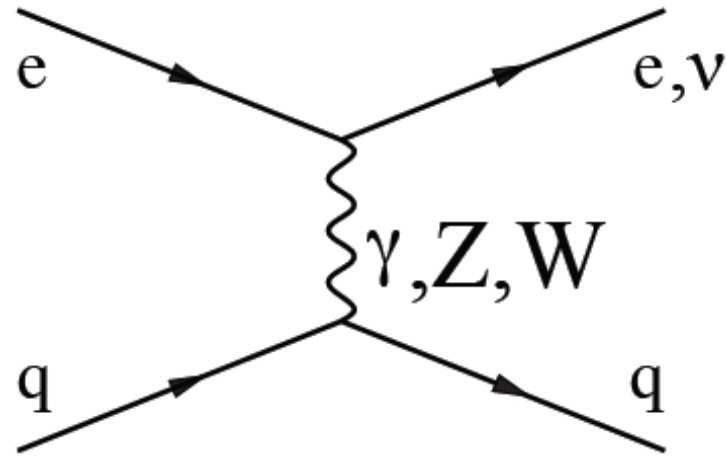
- ◆ High resolution calorimeter with compensating Uranium absorber
- ◆ Electron: $\sigma(E)/E = \frac{0.18}{\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}}$
- ◆ Hadron: $\sigma(E)/E = \frac{0.35}{\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}}$

EW Bosons at HERA

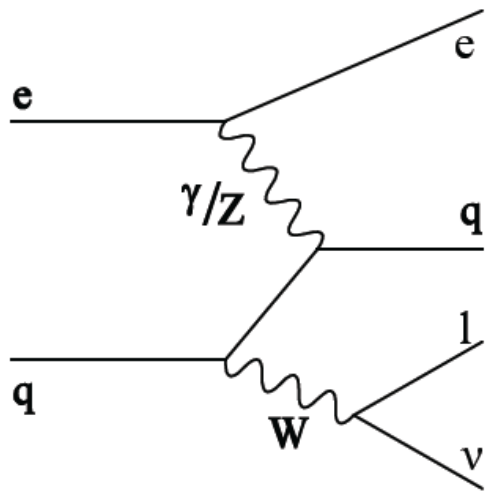
Relevant for NC/CC processes at high- Q^2 (t-channel off-shell exchange)



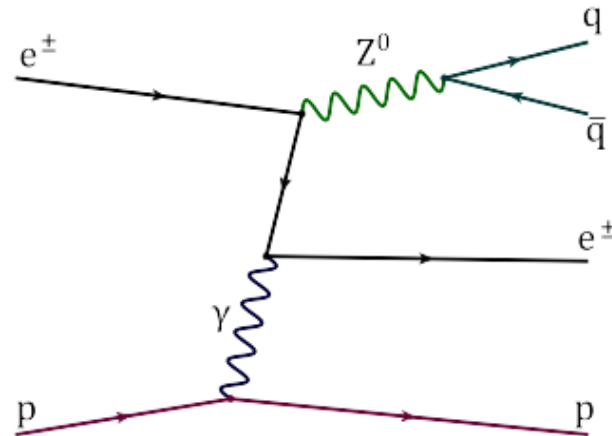
Study them in SM



Only sub-leading production via radiation from quark/lepton lines

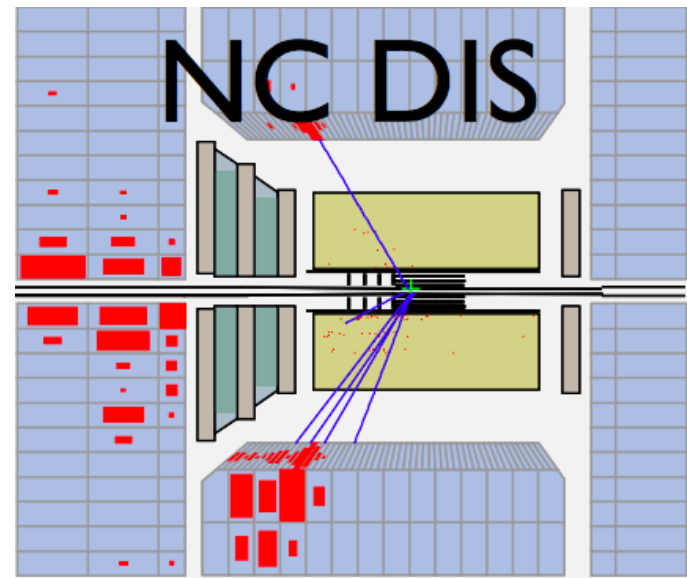
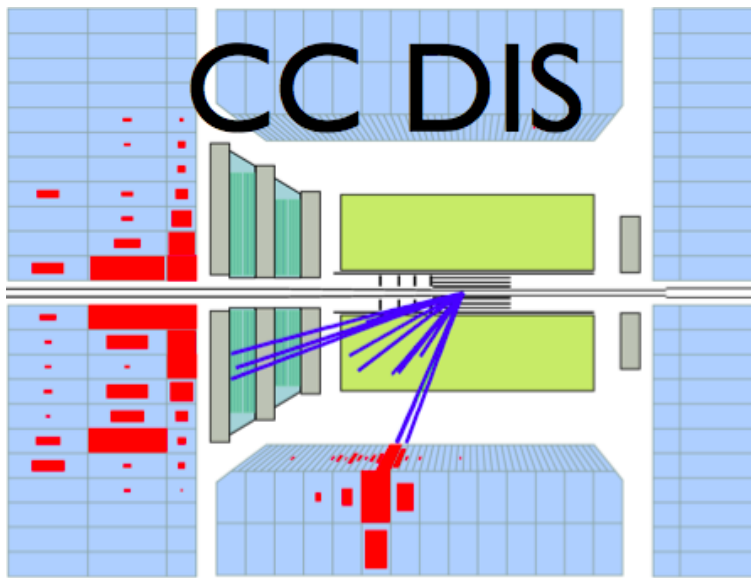


Example of a leading-order diagram of Z^0 boson production and subsequent hadronic decay

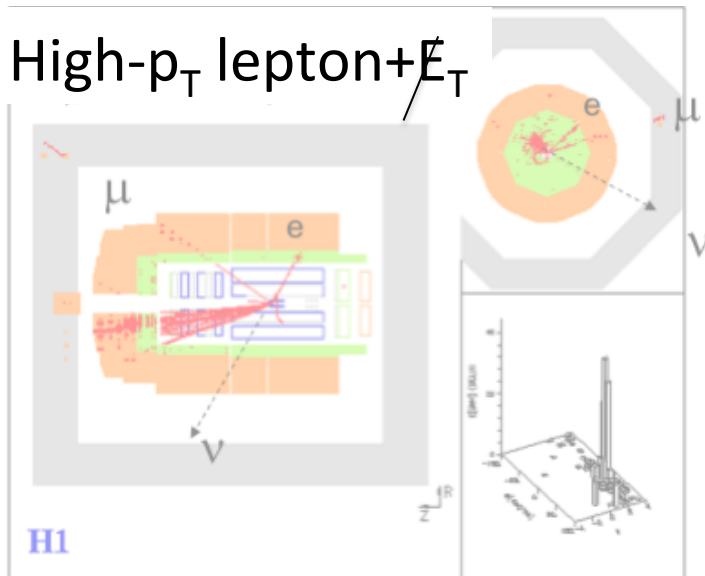
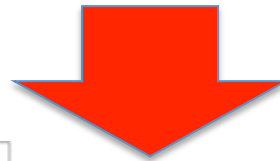


H1 and ZEUS, JHEP 1003 (2010) 035:
 $\sigma(ep \rightarrow W \pm X) = 1.06 \pm 0.17 (\text{stat} \oplus \text{syst}) \text{ pb}$

ZEUS, Phys. Lett. 680 (2009) 13 for $Z \rightarrow l+l^-$:
 not conclusive



(via virtual W and Z contributions)



Real W production

Accomplish HERA EW-study
by measuring Z production

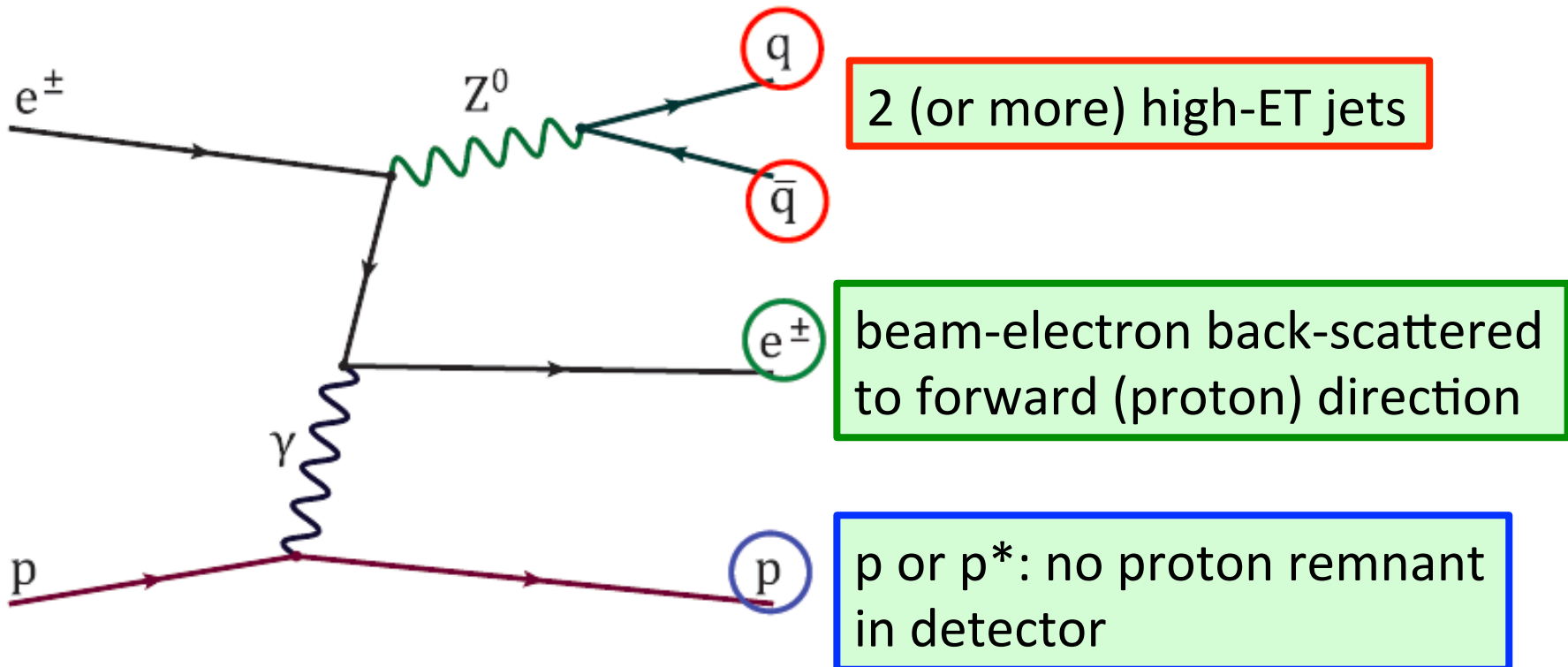


Cross-section 0.4 pb-1 expected from SM
Smallest cross section measured at HERA!

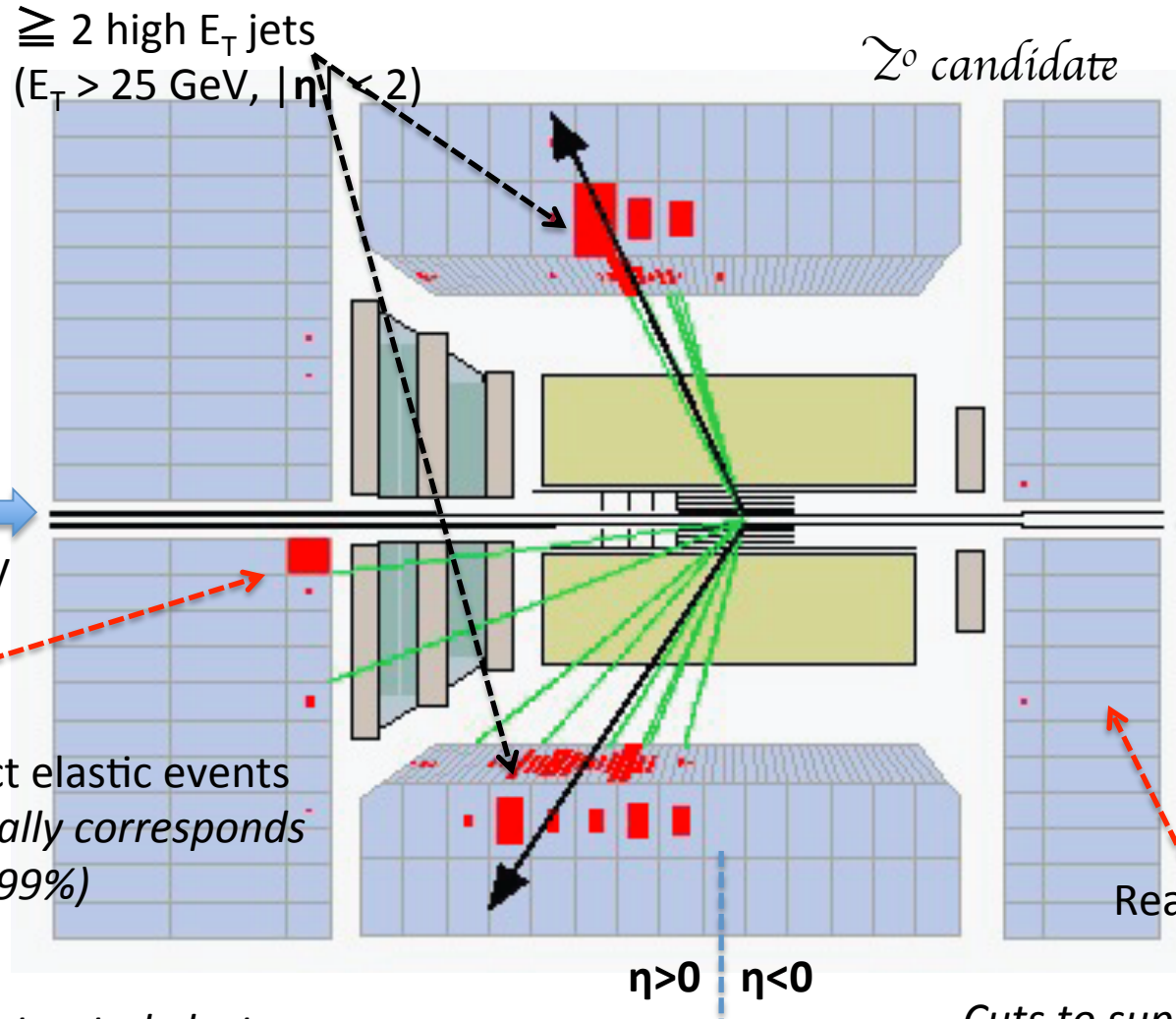
Z^0 search strategy

Hadronic Z^0 decays \rightarrow highest branching ratio
(very large QCD multi-jet background)

Elastic (and quasi-elastic) Z^0 production: ~ 0.16 pb
(expected better S/B ratio)
by requiring MAX η pseudorapidity of CALORIMETER energy deposit



Event selection



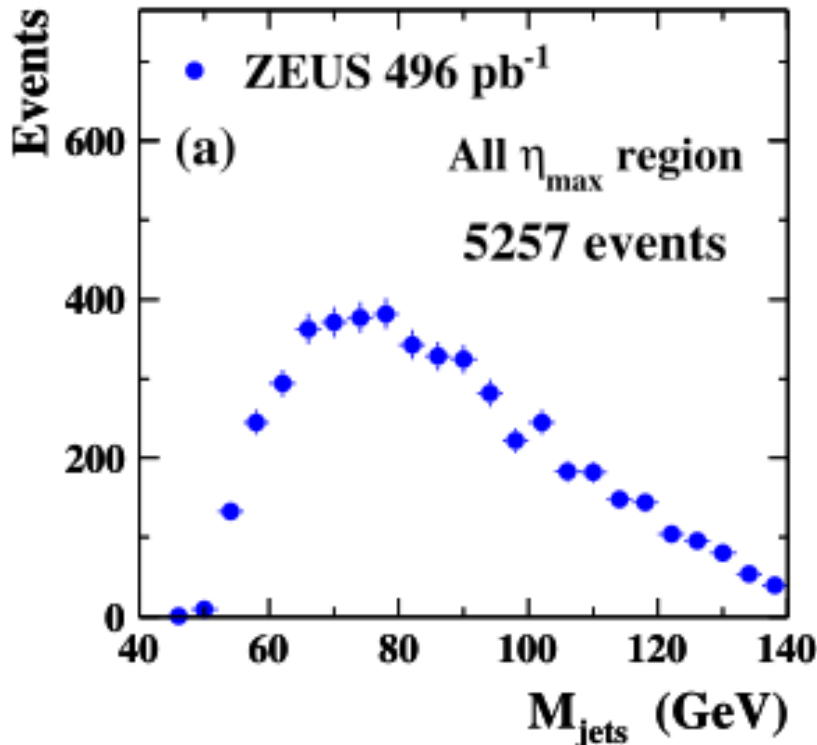
At most 1 reconstructed electron
with $\theta < 80$ degrees

Cuts to suppress low- Q^2 NC
and photo-production

Remaining background: diffractive multi-jet production

Elastic and quasi-elastic selection

Multi-jet sample dominated by QCD background,
no (negligible) Z^0 signal



All Data Sample, 0.5 fb⁻¹ :

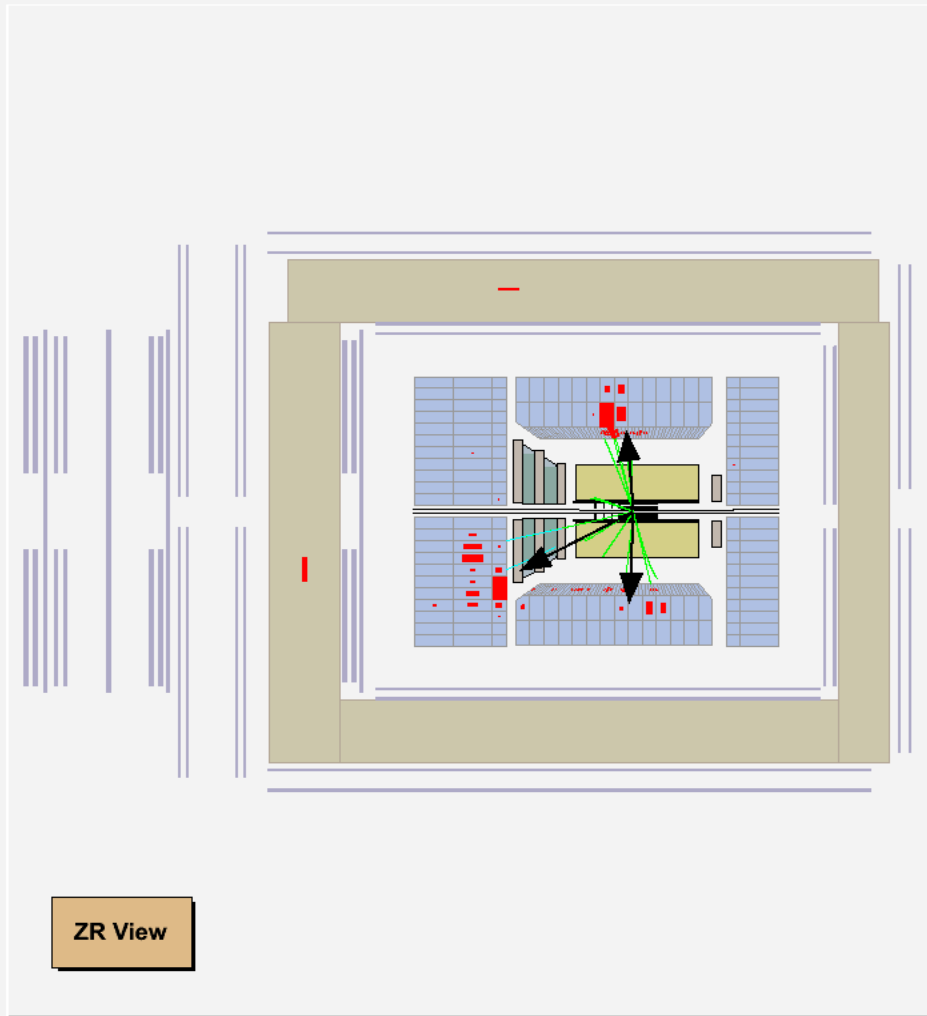
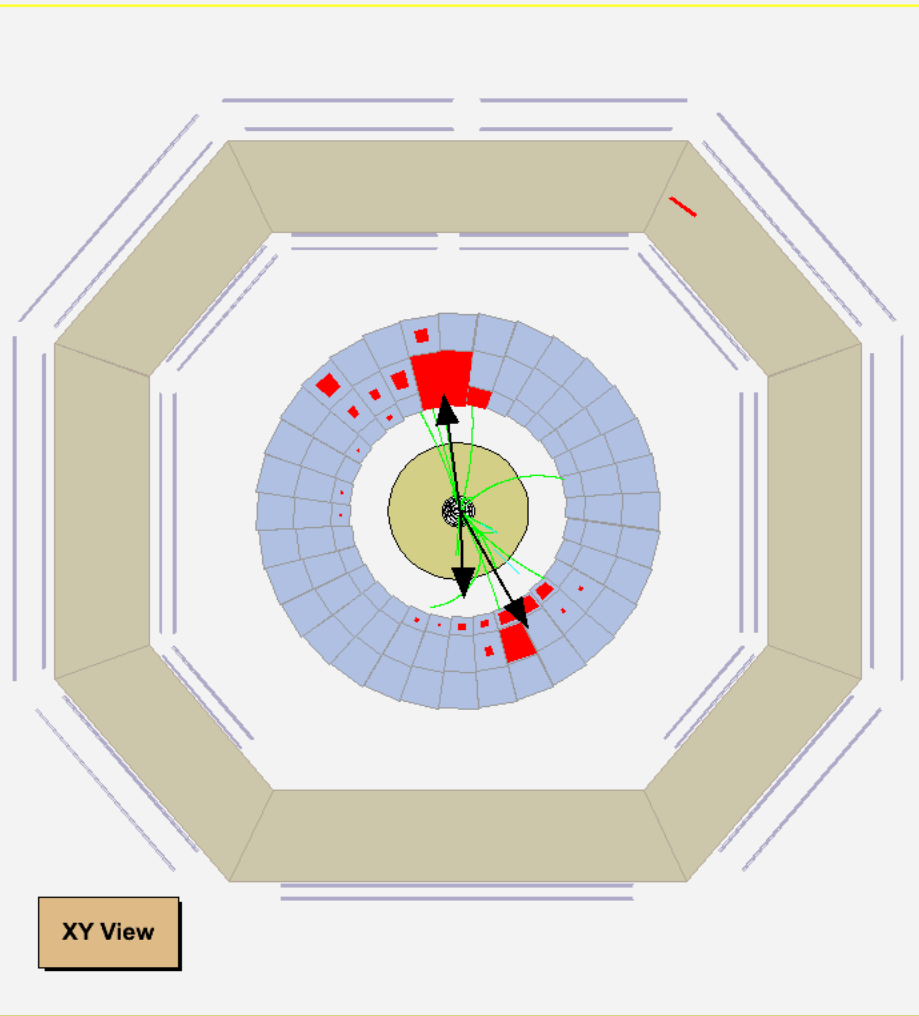
5257 selected events with

- 2525 evts with $\eta_{\max} > 4.2$
- 1743 evts with $4.0 < \eta_{\max} < 4.2$
- 918 evts with $3.0 < \eta_{\max} < 4.2$

Use η_{\max} for elastic selection:

- pseudorapidity of the energy deposit in the calorimeter closest to the proton beam direction, calculated from CAL cells with $E > 400$ MeV

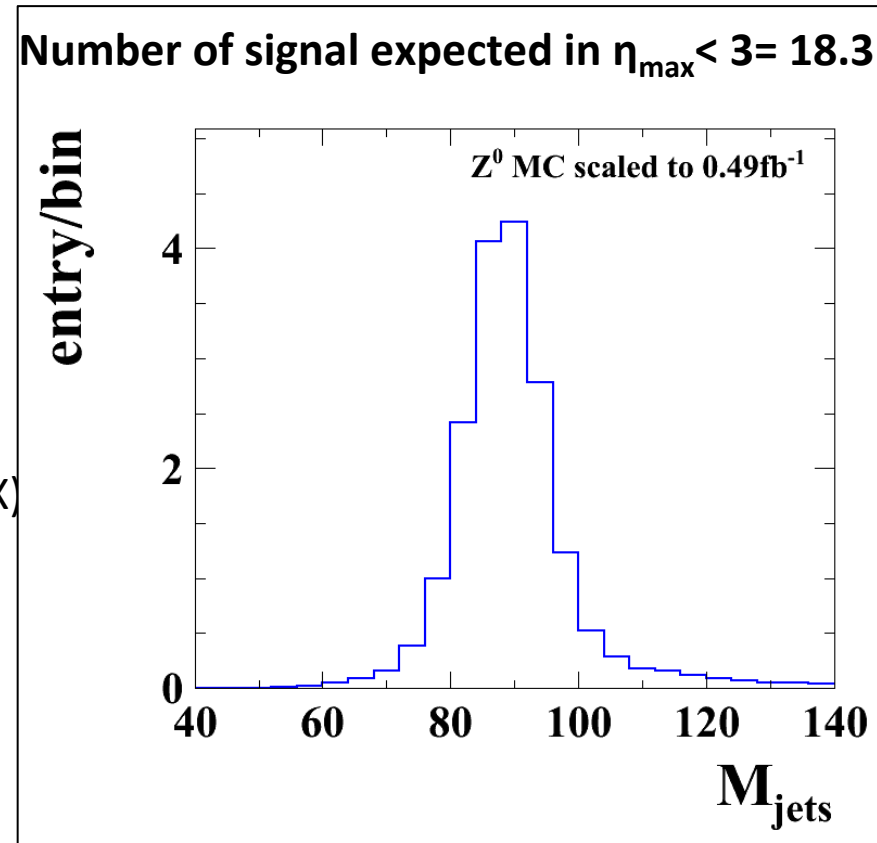
$$\eta_{\max} < 3.0$$



Typical candidate: $M=91.8\text{GeV}$, $\eta_{\text{max}}=2.34$

Monte Carlo simulations

- **EPVEC used for signal**
 - Baur, Vermaseren and Zeppenfeld (1992)
 - Interfaced to PYTHIA+JETSET
- **Elastic and quasi-elastic $ep \rightarrow ep(p^*)$ Z: 0.16 pb**
 - Selection acceptance $\sim 22\%$, expect 17.9 events
- **Inelastic processes: 0.24 pb**
 - DIS ($\gamma^* p \rightarrow Z^0 X$) and resolved php ($\gamma p \rightarrow (qq \rightarrow Z^0) X$)
 - Selection acceptance $< 1\%$, expect 0.4 events
- **Do not use background MC**
 - Tail of high- E_T diffractive DIS, hard to model
 - Use data-driven estimation (next slide)

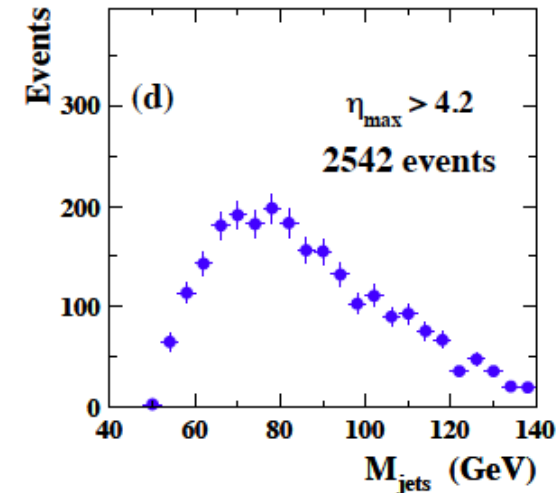
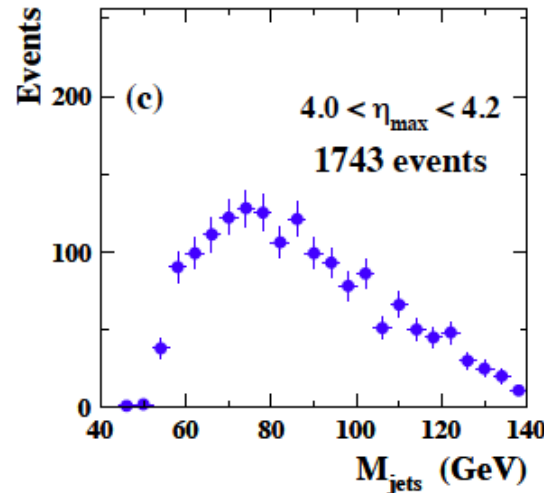
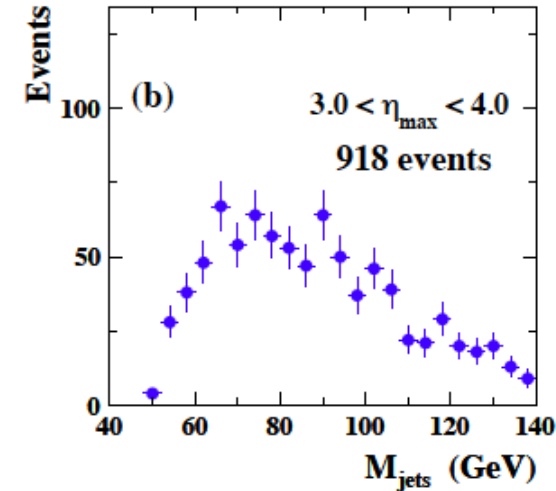
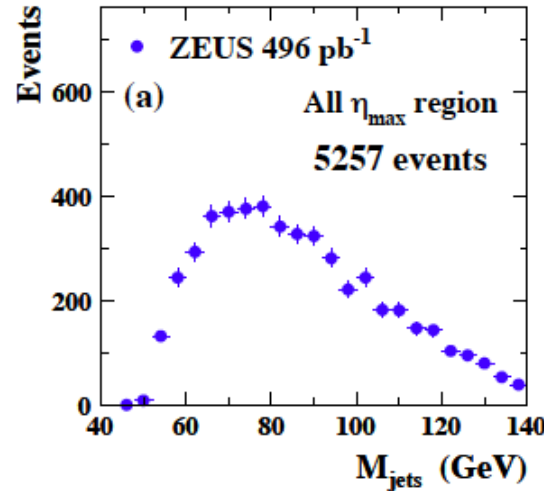


Expected resolution much better than ever !
(compared to di-jet resolutions of other detectors)

Bck-shape estimation (data driven)

- invariant mass shape has little η_{\max} dependence
- Use invariant mass distribution
- background shape-template from data in $\eta_{\max} > 4$ region
- signal shape-template from EPVEC MC
- Fit signal region ($\eta_{\max} < 3$) with templates

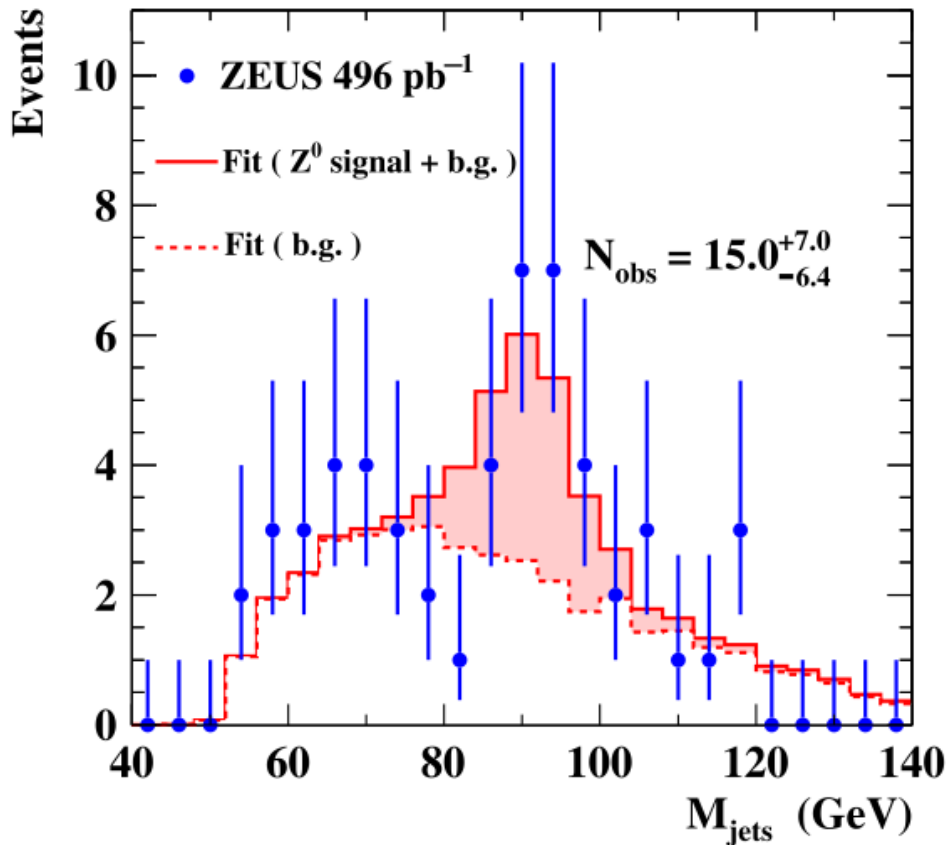
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Results

Di-Jet invariant mass after $\eta_{\max} < 3$ cut

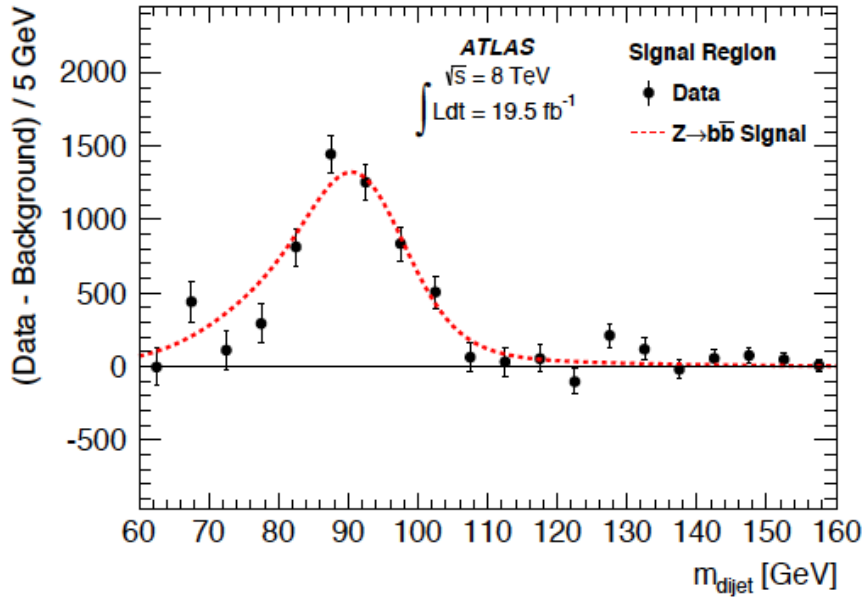
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- maximum likelihood fit with signal and background templates ($\chi^2/ndf = 17.6/22$)
- mass peak shift due to energy scale fitted as a nuisance parameter ϵ ($\sigma_\epsilon = 3\%$, the fit gave $\epsilon = 3 \pm 2\%$)
- $15.0^{+7.0}_{-6.4}$ events observed (signal with 2.3σ significance)

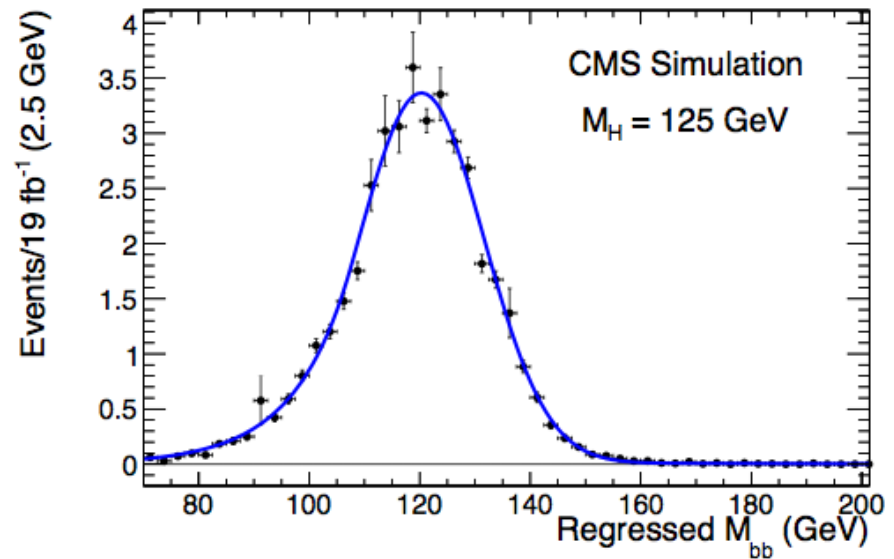
Shown excellent resolution of ZEUS uranium calorimeter

Hadronic Z^0 mass resolutions at LHC



ATLAS result on $Z^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
arXiv:1404.7042

CMS result on $Z^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
arXiv:1403.3047



CMS template for $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
CMS-PAS HIG-13-011
Archive Id: 184550P
(courtesy of the CMS Collaboration)

Cross-section estimation

Systematic uncertainties: total (+7.2, -6.2)%

- acceptance change by $\pm 3\%$ energy scale: (+2.1, -1.7)%
- η_{\max} cut varied by ± 0.2 : (+6.4, -5.4)%
- using different η_{\max} slices for background template: $\pm 1.5\%$
- signal template peak width (6 GeV) smeared: negligible
- luminosity: $\pm 2\%$

Resulting (quasi-)elastic Z^0 cross section

$$\sigma(ep \rightarrow eZ_0 p^{(*)}) = 0.13 \pm 0.06 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.01 \text{ (syst.) pb}$$

- consistent with SM prediction 0.16 pb
- first measurement of on-shell Z^0 cross section in ep collisions!

Summary

A search for on-shell Z^0 production in $\sim 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ep collisions at HERA using ZEUS detector

- Used hadronic decay for Z^0
- (quasi-)elastic process aimed to suppress QCD backgrounds.
- **Excellent resolution of ZEUS uranium calorimeter**

First measurement of Z^0 production in ep collisions

$$\sigma(ep \rightarrow eZ^0 p^{(*)}) = 0.13 \pm 0.06 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.01 \text{ (syst.) pb}$$

- In agreement with SM elastic cross section of 0.16 pb
- Electroweak bosons at HERA fully exploited

BACKUP

Used data periods and luminosity

- Data collected between 1996 and 2007
- Total integrated luminosity : 496 pb⁻¹
- Average polarisation is less than 1%
(the effect is neglected in this analysis)

	proton beam energy (GeV)	luminosity (pb ⁻¹)	
96/97 e+	820	38.6	HERA-I total 121
98/99 e-	920	16.7	
99/00 e+		65.9	
03/04 e+		41.0	HERA-II total 375
04/05 e-		135.1	
06 e-		55.2	
06/07 e+		143.8	

Event selection (496 pb⁻¹): results

- **Trigger mainly based on CAL E_T**
- **Jets defined by k_T algorithm**
 - at least 2 jets with $E_T > 25$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2$. $\Delta\Phi_{12} > 2$ rad
 - use all jets ($E_T > 4$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2$) for invariant mass
 - remove jet if it overlaps with e/ γ within $R < 1$
- **At most 1 electron in detector**
 - $E_e > 5$ GeV, isolation, track match if in tracking coverage
 - $\theta_e < 80^\circ$ required (reject low-Q² NC b.g.)
- **No particles in rear (electron beam) direction**
 - ERCAL < 2 GeV
 - $50 < \Sigma(E\text{-pZ}) < 64$ GeV (sum over all CAL deposits)

k_T cluster algorithm in the longitudinally invariant inclusive mode. The algorithm was applied to the energy clusters in the CAL after excluding those associated with the scattered-electron candidate. Energy corrections were applied to the jets in order to compensate for energy losses in the inactive material in front of the CAL.

Cuts against cosmics and beam-gas

Reject events if any of the following conditions are met:

- $|Z_{\text{vtx}}| > 50\text{cm}$
- jets with $175 < \theta_1 + \theta_2 < 185^\circ$ and $\Delta\Phi_{12} > 175^\circ$
- $|t_u - t_d| > 6\text{ ns}$ (up-down timing difference in BCAL)
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 25\text{ GeV}$
- $N_{\text{vtx}}^{\text{trk}} < 0.25 * (N_{\text{all}}^{\text{vtx}} - 20)$ (vertex tracks and all tracks)