

# *Recent Results on Diffraction at HERA*

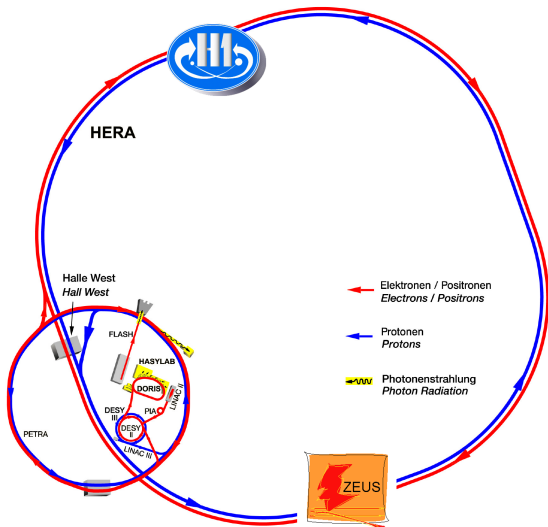
Grzegorz Gach

on behalf of H1 and ZEUS Collaborations

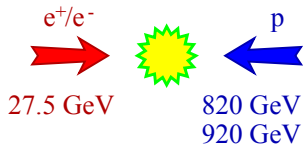
5 February 2014



# HERA

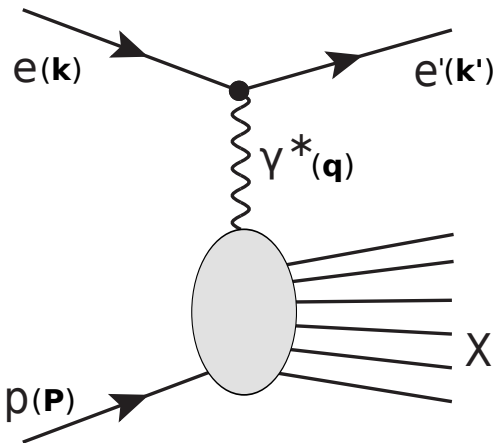


DESY, Hamburg  
1992-2007



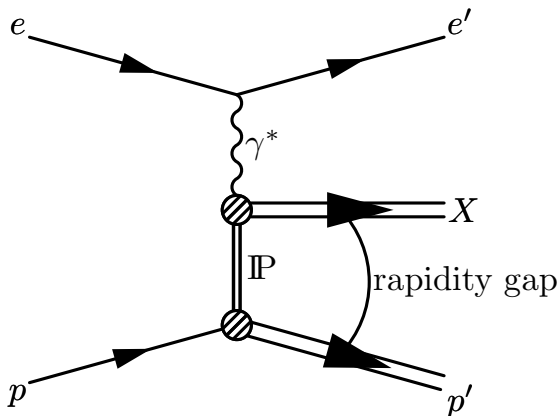
$$\int L dt = 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1} \\ \text{per experiment}$$

# NC Lepton-Proton Interaction



- $Q^2 = -(\mathbf{k} - \mathbf{k}')^2$   
virtuality of exchanged boson
  - $Q^2 \approx 0 \Rightarrow$  PHP
  - $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2 \Rightarrow$  DIS
- $y = \frac{\mathbf{P} \cdot \mathbf{q}}{\mathbf{P} \cdot \mathbf{k}}$   
inelasticity
- $W^2 = (\mathbf{P} + \mathbf{q})^2$   
photon-proton CME
- $s = (\mathbf{P} + \mathbf{k})^2$   
lepton-proton CME

# Diffraction

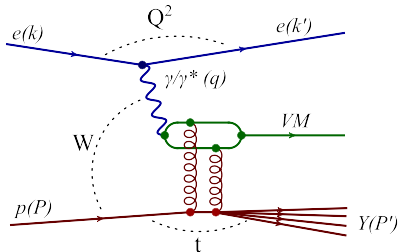


- $x_{\mathbb{P}}$  fraction of proton momentum carried by Pomeron
- $\beta = x/x_{\mathbb{P}}$  variable equivalent to the Bjorken  $x$ , but relative to the pomeron momentum

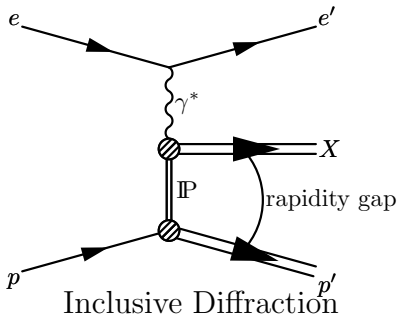
quantum numbers of:

- $\gamma^*$  and  $X$  are equal
- $p$  and  $p'$  are equal

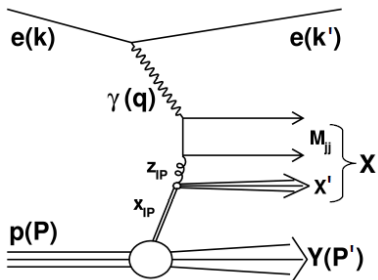
# Outline



Diffractive Vector Meson Production

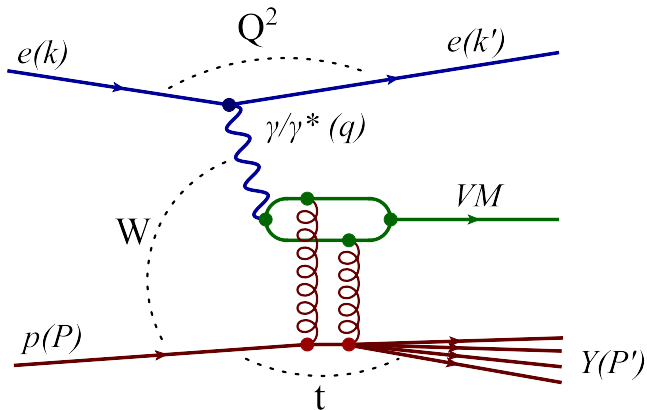


Inclusive Diffraction

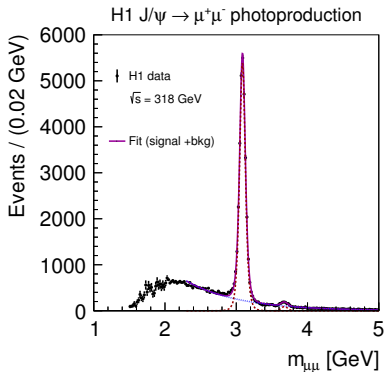


Diffractive Dijet Production

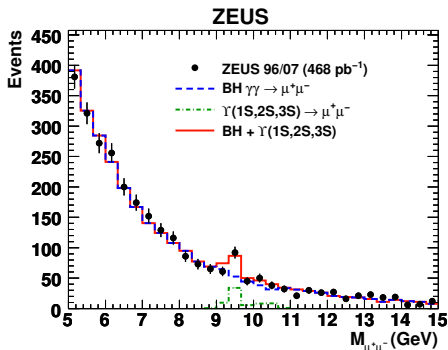
# Diffractive Vector Meson Production



# Diffractive Vector Meson Production



Eur. Phys. J. C73 (2013) 2466



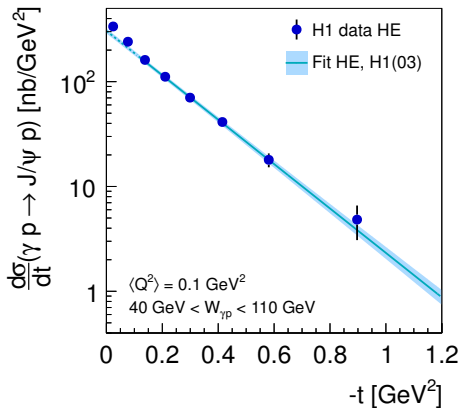
Phys. Lett. B 708 (2012) 14



# $J/\psi$ Photoproduction

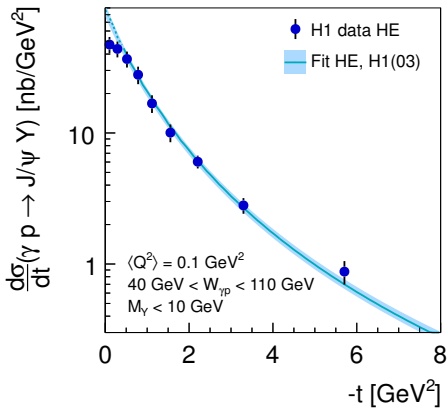
*Eur. Phys. J. C73 (2013) 2466*

H1 elastic  $J/\psi$  photoproduction



$$\frac{d\sigma_{el}}{dt} = N_{el} \exp(-b_{el}|t|)$$
$$b_{el} = (4.88 \pm 0.15) \text{ GeV}^{-2}$$

H1 p-diss.  $J/\psi$  photoproduction



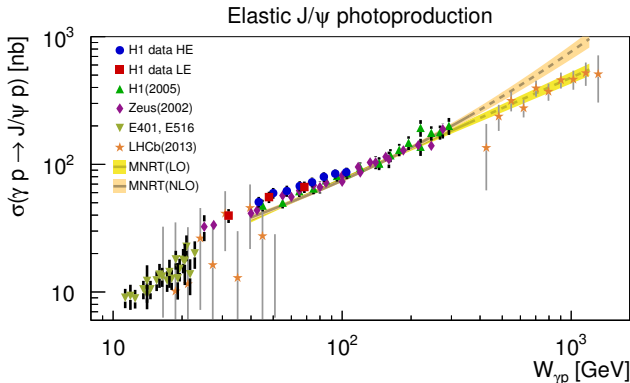
$$\frac{d\sigma_{pd}}{dt} = N_{pd} (1 + b_{pd}|t|/n)^{-n}$$
$$b_{pd} = (1.79 \pm 0.12) \text{ GeV}^{-2}$$





# $J/\psi$ Photoproduction

*Eur. Phys. J. C73 (2013) 2466*

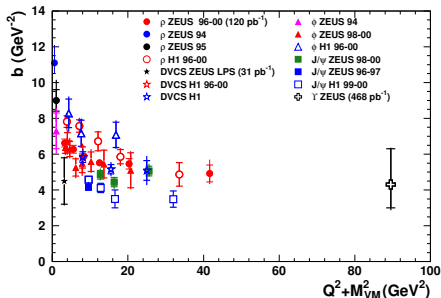
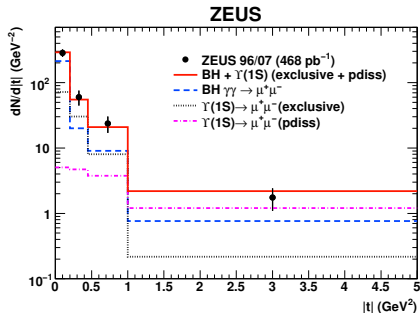


- LO fits describe all (including LHCb) data well
- NLO fits overestimate LHCb data

# Upsilon (1S) Exclusive Photoproduction



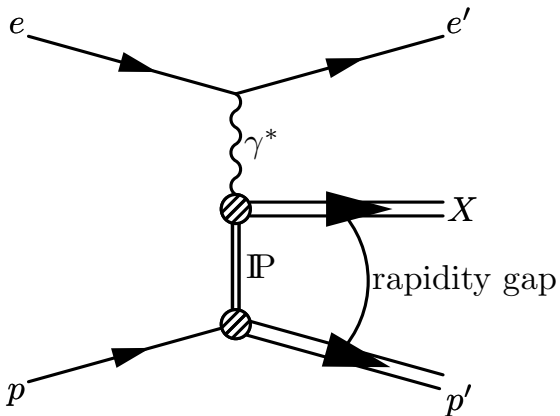
Phys. Lett. B 708 (2012) 14



$$b = 4.3_{-1.3}^{+2.0}(\text{stat.})_{-0.6}^{+0.5}(\text{syst.})\text{GeV}^{-2}$$

- first determination of  $\Upsilon(1S)$   $|t|$  slope
- $|t|$  slope measurement extended to  $Q^2 + M_{VM}^2 \approx 90 \text{ GeV}^2$

# Inclusive Diffraction



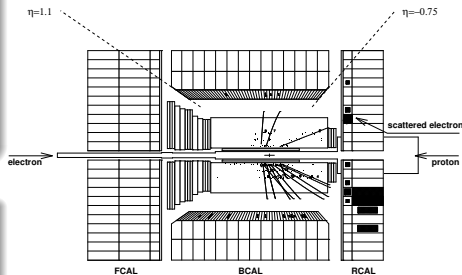
# *Diffraction Selection*

## *Proton Spectrometer*

- clean measurement - no double dissociative background
- low statistics

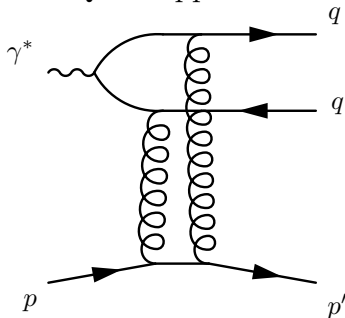
## *Large Rapidity Gap*

- high statistics
- contains double dissociative background



# Factorisation

QCD Approach



colour singlet gluon system is exchanged

$$\frac{d^4\sigma^{ep \rightarrow e' X p'}}{d\beta dQ^2 dx_{\mathbb{P}} dt} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{\beta Q^4} y_+ \left[ F_2^{D(4)}(\beta, Q^2, x_{\mathbb{P}}, t) - \frac{y_+^2}{y_+} F_L^{D(4)}(\beta, Q^2, x_{\mathbb{P}}, t) \right]$$

$$\parallel$$

$$\sigma_r^{D(4)}(\beta, Q^2, x_{\mathbb{P}}, t)$$

QCD Factorisation

$$\sigma^D(\gamma^* p \rightarrow X p) \sim f_i^D(x, Q^2, x_{\mathbb{P}}, t) \times \sigma_{\gamma^* i}(x, Q^2)$$

$$\Downarrow$$

universal diffractive parton densities

Proton Vertex Factorisation

$$f_i^D(x, Q^2, x_{\mathbb{P}}, t) \sim f_{\mathbb{P}/p}(x_{\mathbb{P}}, t) \times f_{i/\mathbb{P}}^D(x/x_{\mathbb{P}}, Q^2)$$

$$\parallel \qquad \parallel$$

pomeron flux \qquad pomeron parton densities



# HERA Combined Cross Sections



*Eur. Phys. J. C72 (2012) 2175*

$$2.5 \leq Q^2 \leq 200 \text{ GeV}^2,$$

$$0.0018 \leq \beta \leq 0.816,$$

$$0.00035 \leq x_{\text{IP}} \leq 0.09,$$

$$0.09 < |t| < 0.55 \text{ GeV}^2$$

## ZEUS

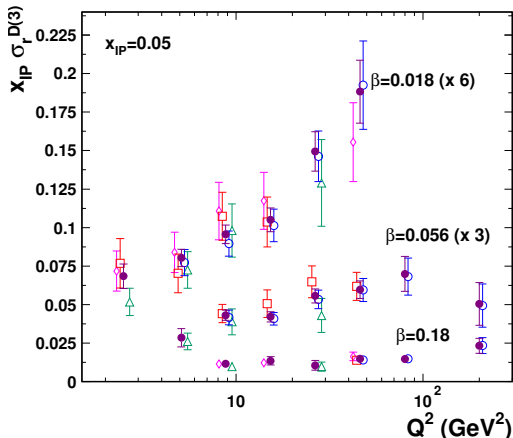
- EPJ C38, 43 (2004)
- Nucl. Phys. B816, 1 (2009)

## H1

- EPJ C48, 749 (2006)
- EPJ C71, 1578 (2011)

## H1 and ZEUS

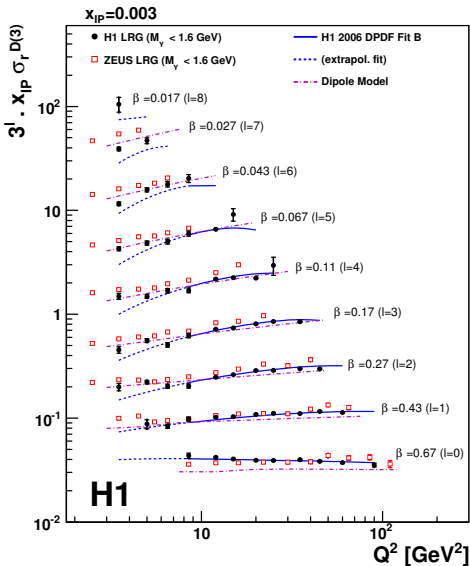
- H1 FPS HERA II
  - △ H1 FPS HERA I
  - HERA
  - ZEUS LPS 2
  - ◇ ZEUS LPS 1
- 0.09 < |t| < 0.55 GeV<sup>2</sup>





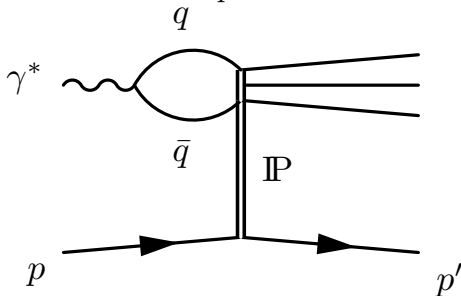
# Inclusive Diffractive DIS at HERA

EPJ C72 (2012) 2074



- DPDF model describe data at  $Q^2 > 10$  GeV<sup>2</sup>
- the dipole model is better at low  $Q^2$

Color Dipole Model





# Inclusive Diffractive DIS at HERA

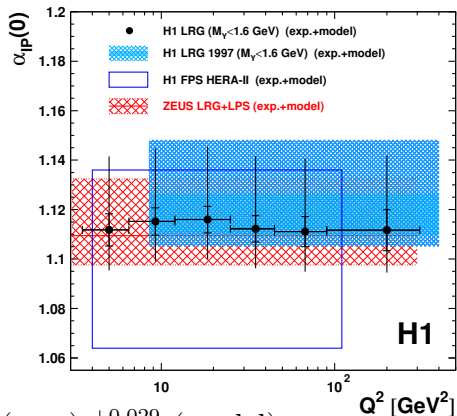
EPJ C72 (2012) 2074

$$F_2^{D(3)}(Q^2, \beta, x_{\mathbb{P}}) = f_{\mathbb{P}/p}(x_{\mathbb{P}}) F_2^{\mathbb{P}}(Q^2, \beta) + n_{\text{IR}} f_{\text{IR}/p}(x_{\mathbb{P}}) F_2^{\text{IR}}(Q^2, \beta)$$

$$\parallel$$

$$\int_{t_{\text{cut}}}^{t_{\text{min}}} \frac{e^{B_{\mathbb{P}} t}}{x_{\mathbb{P}}^{2\alpha_{\mathbb{P}}(t)-1}} dt$$

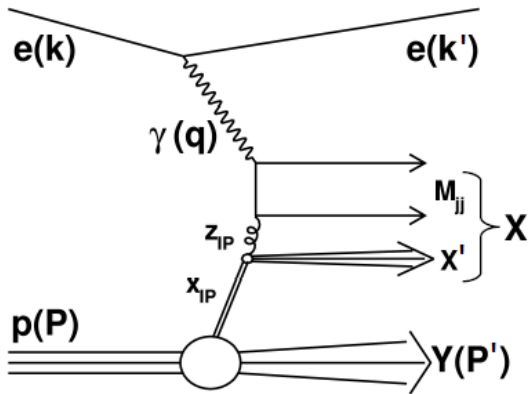
- no  $Q^2$  dependence supports the proton vertex factorisation hypothesis



$$\alpha_{\mathbb{P}}(0) = 1.113 \pm 0.002 \text{ (exp.) } \begin{matrix} +0.029 \\ -0.015 \end{matrix} \text{ (model)}$$



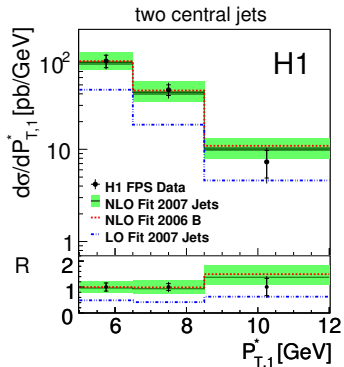
# *Diffractive Dijet Production*



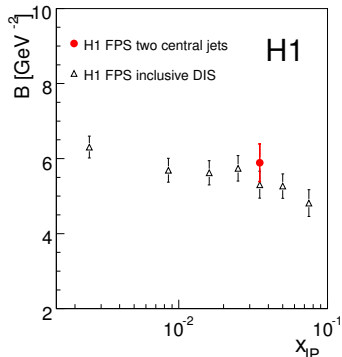


# Diffractive Dijets in DIS

EPJ C72 (2012) 1970



- dijet cross sections reproduced with inclusive DPDF, support universality of DPDF



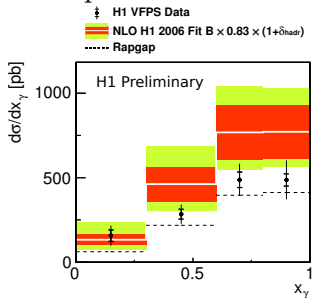
- consistency in  $t$ -slope supports validity of the proton vertex factorisation



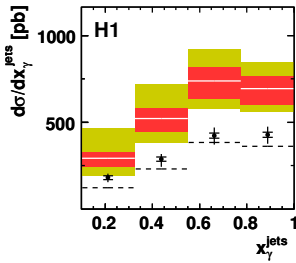
# Diffractive Dijets in Photoproduction



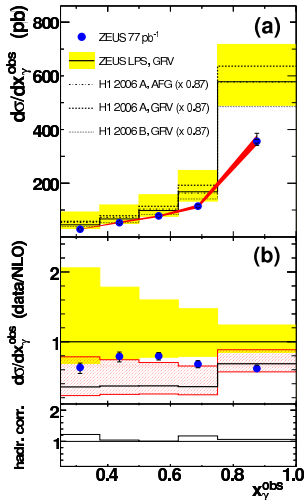
H1prelim-013-011



EPJ C 70 15



EPJ C 55 177  
ZEUS



- H1 measured cross sections significantly smaller than NLO QCD predictions
- ZEUS measured cross sections insignificant smaller than NLO QCD predictions due to large theoretical uncertainties

# Summary

- Vector Meson Production
  - elastic and proton dissociative  $t$  slopes measured in  $J/\Psi$  production
  - first measurement of  $\Upsilon$  (1S)  $t$  slope
- Inclusive Diffraction
  - H1 and ZEUS result combination provide unprecedented precision
  - measurements support proton vertex factorisation in DIS
- Diffractive Dijet Production
  - DIS - good agreement between data and theory
  - PHP - measured cross sections can be below theoretical predictions

*Thank You for Your Attention!*