

Measurement of D^* Production in Diffractive DIS at HERA

Karel Černý

(Charles University in Prague)

on behalf of

the H1 Collaboration

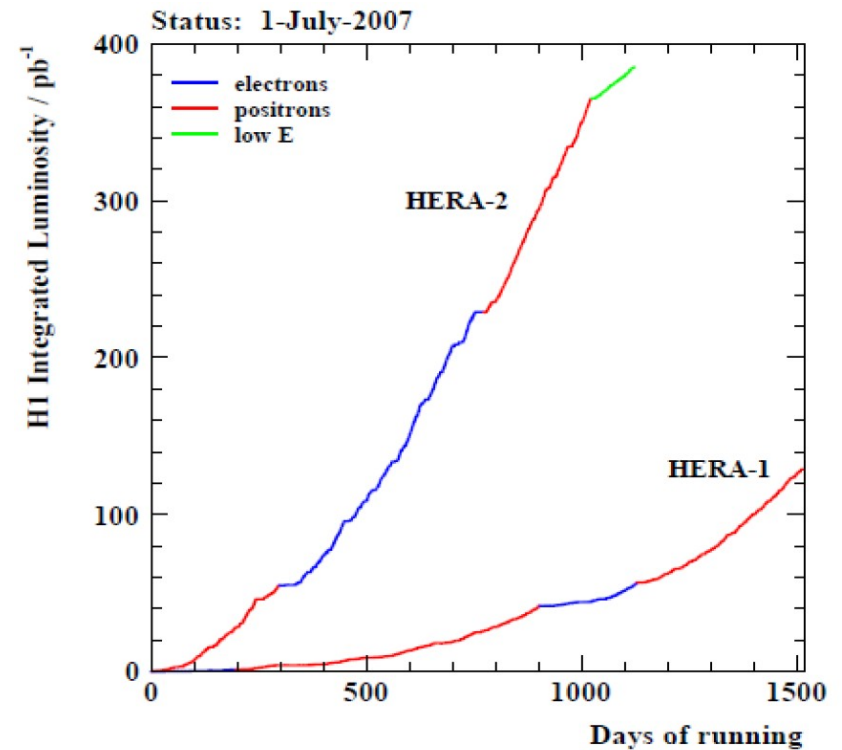
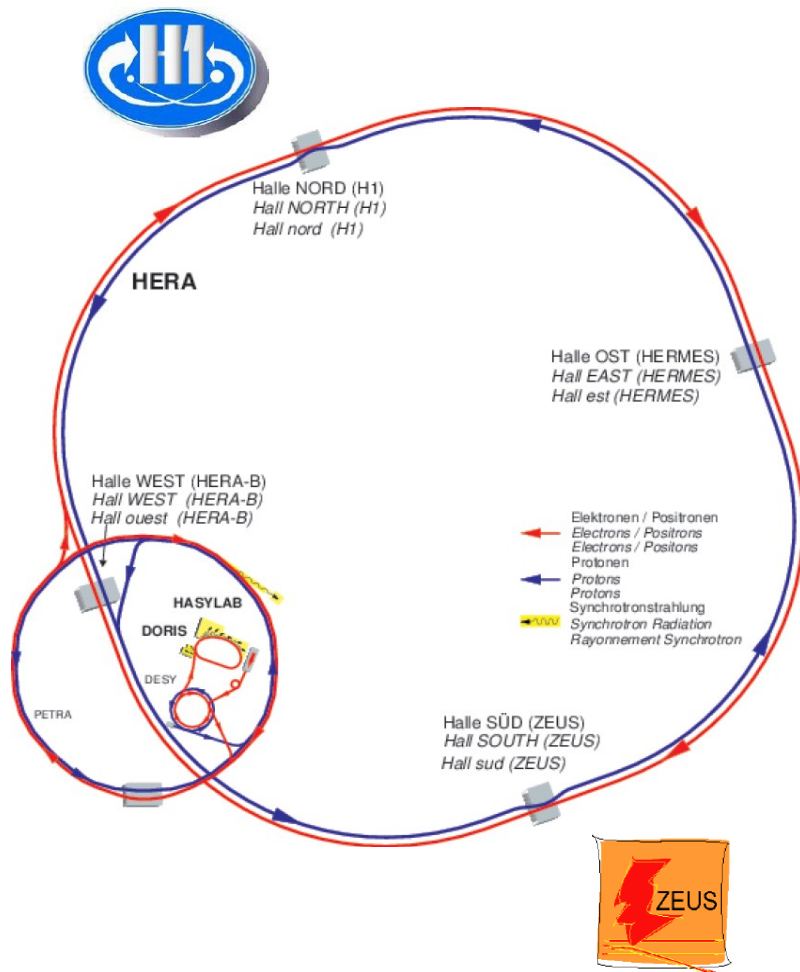


DIS17, 3-7 April 2017, Birmingham

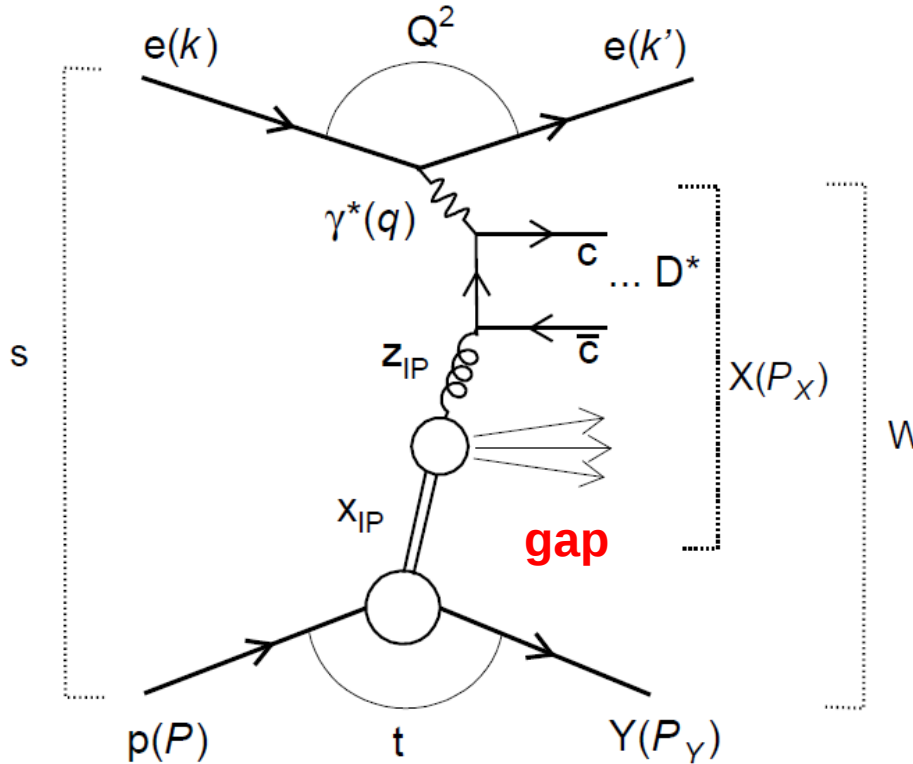
HERA

ep collider
(DESY, Hamburg, 1993-2007)

$E_p = 920 \text{ GeV}$ $E_{e\pm} = 27.5 \text{ GeV}$
0.5 fb⁻¹... per experiment



Open charm in diffractive DIS at HERA



Kinematics

$$ep \rightarrow X(D^*)Y$$

$$s = (k + P)^2$$

$$Q^2 = -q^2 = (k - k')^2$$

$$y = \frac{q \cdot P}{k \cdot P}$$

$$x = \frac{Q^2}{2q \cdot P}$$

$$M_X^2 = (P_X)^2$$

$$M_Y^2 = (P_Y)^2$$

$$t = (P - P_Y)^2$$

$$x_{IP} = \frac{q \cdot (P - P_Y)}{q \cdot P}$$

$$z_{IP} = \frac{\hat{s} + Q^2}{M_X^2 + Q^2}$$

photon gluon fusion

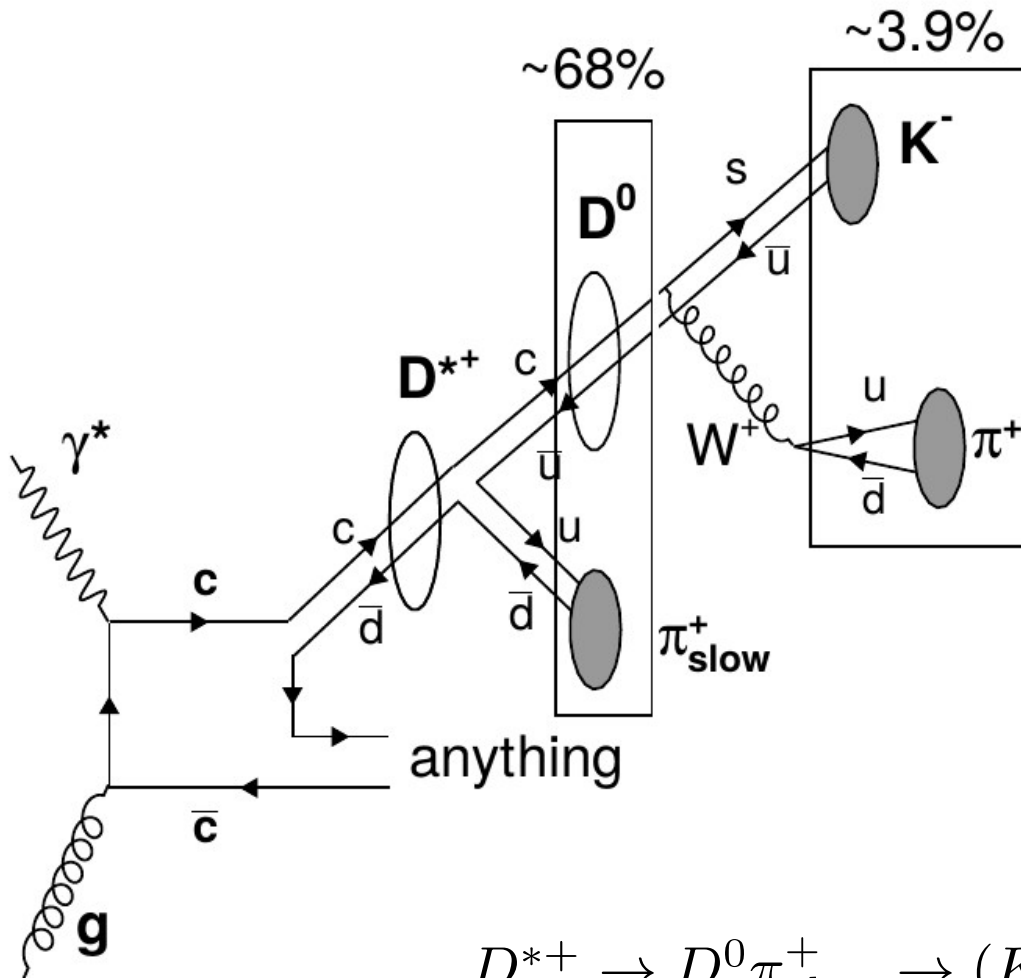
$$\gamma^* g \rightarrow c\bar{c}$$

collinear factorisation in DDIS

- DPDF

- massive $c(\bar{c})$ quark in FFNS

D* production



charm fragmentation

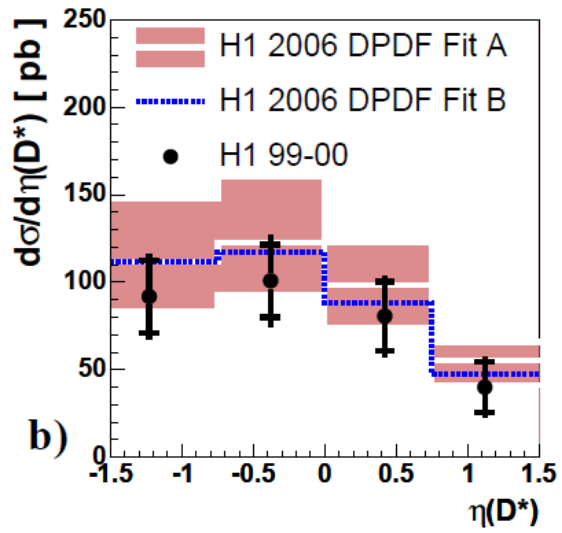
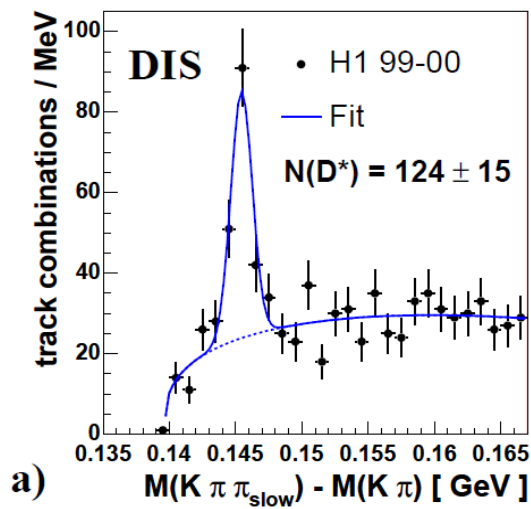
into $D^*(2010)$ $m_{D^*}^{PDG} = 2010.26 \pm 0.05$ GeV

D^* kinematics reconstructed fully from tracks in golden decay channel

$$D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+_{slow} \rightarrow (K^- \pi^+) \pi^+_{slow} (+C.C.)$$

Previous result from H1

$L_{\text{int}} = 47 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ of HERA-1 data DESY-06-164, Eur.Phys.J.C50 (2007) 1



Cross Section [pb]		
Data	H1 2006 DPDF	
	Fit A	Fit B
$234 \pm 29 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 34 \text{ (syst.)}$	$287 \pm \frac{81}{70}$	$272 \pm \frac{78}{71}$

$2 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2,$
 $0.05 < y < 0.7,$
 $p_t(D^*) > 2.0 \text{ GeV},$
 $|\eta(D^*)| < 1.5,$
 $x_P < 0.04,$
 $M_y < 1.6,$
 $|t| < 1. \text{ GeV}^2$

New measurement

New measurement of D* DDIS production by H1: arXiv:1703.09476

H1 HERA-2 data

2005e-, 2006e-, 2006/2007e+ @ $\sqrt{s} = 319$ GeV with $L_{\text{int}} = 287$ pb⁻¹

Measurement of diffractive cross sections

large rapidity gap method of diffractive selection

total and differential cross sections

compared with NLO QCD predictions

Measurement of fraction of diffractive contribution

using a non-diffractive measurement by H1 as a reference

Eur.Phys.J. C71 (2011) 1769, Erratum: Eur.Phys.J. C72 (2012) 2252

Analysis procedure

scattered electron in a backward emg. calorimeter (Spacal)

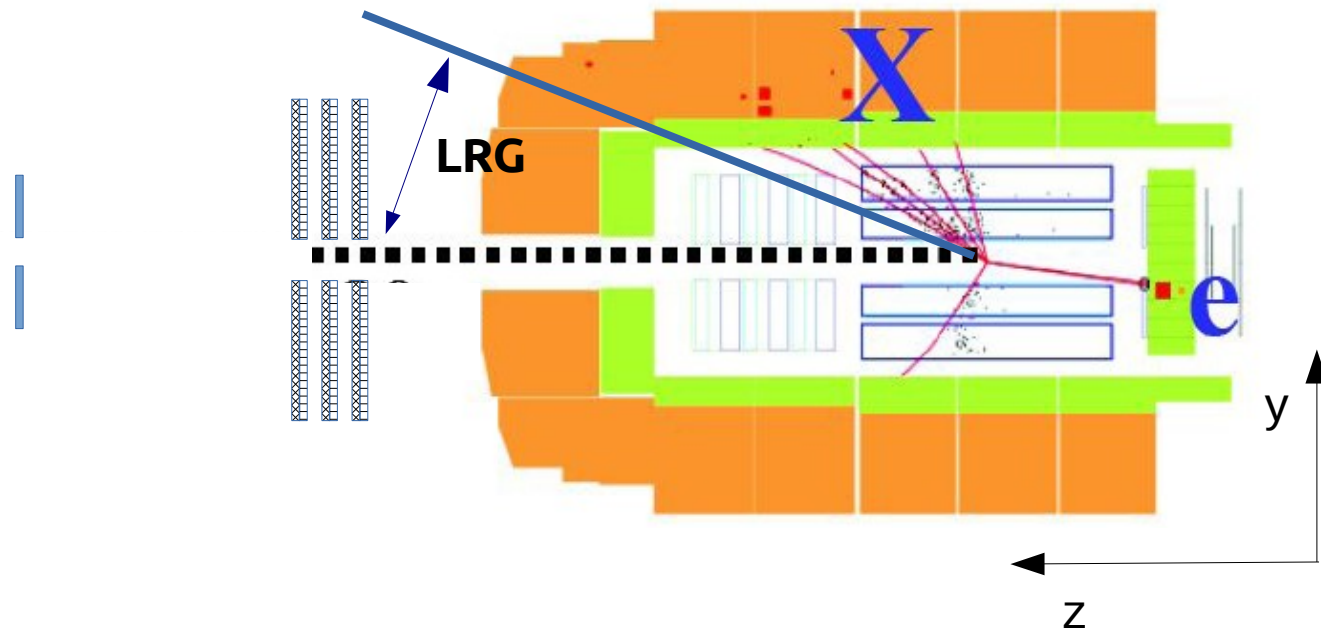
$$5 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2 \quad 0.02 < y < 0.65$$

large rapidity gap (LRG) ... allows proton dissociation (PD)

$$x_{IP} < 0.03 \quad M_Y < 1.6 \text{ GeV} \quad |t| < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$$

D^* in the final state

$$p_{t,D^*} > 1.5 \text{ GeV} \quad |\eta_{D^*}| < 1.5$$



D* signal extraction

all combinations of candidate tracks used

$$p_{t,K} > 0.3 \text{ GeV} \quad p_{t,\pi} > 0.3 \text{ GeV} \quad p_{t,\pi_{slow}} > 0.12 \text{ GeV}$$

signal in mass difference: right charge combinations

$$\Delta m = m(K^\mp \pi^\pm \pi_{slow}^\pm) - m(K^\mp \pi^\pm), \quad \Delta m^{\text{PDG}} \approx 0.145 \text{ GeV}$$

no signal in wrong charge combinations

$$\Delta m = m(K^\pm \pi^\pm \pi_{slow}^\mp) - m(K^\pm \pi^\pm)$$

background suppression by D⁰ mass cut

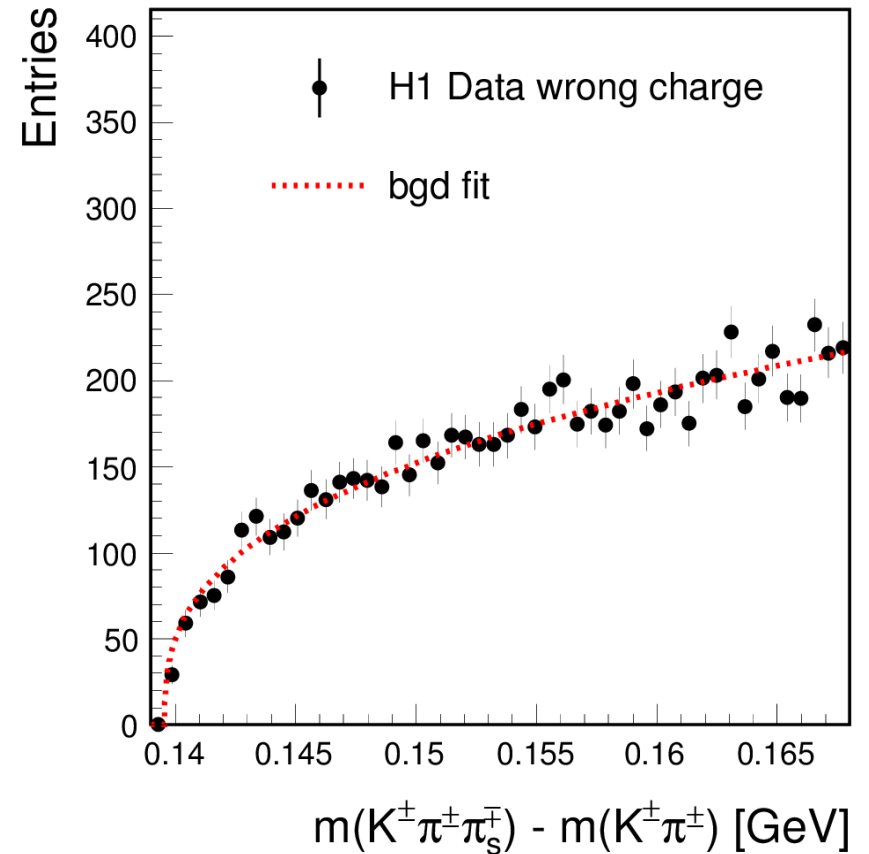
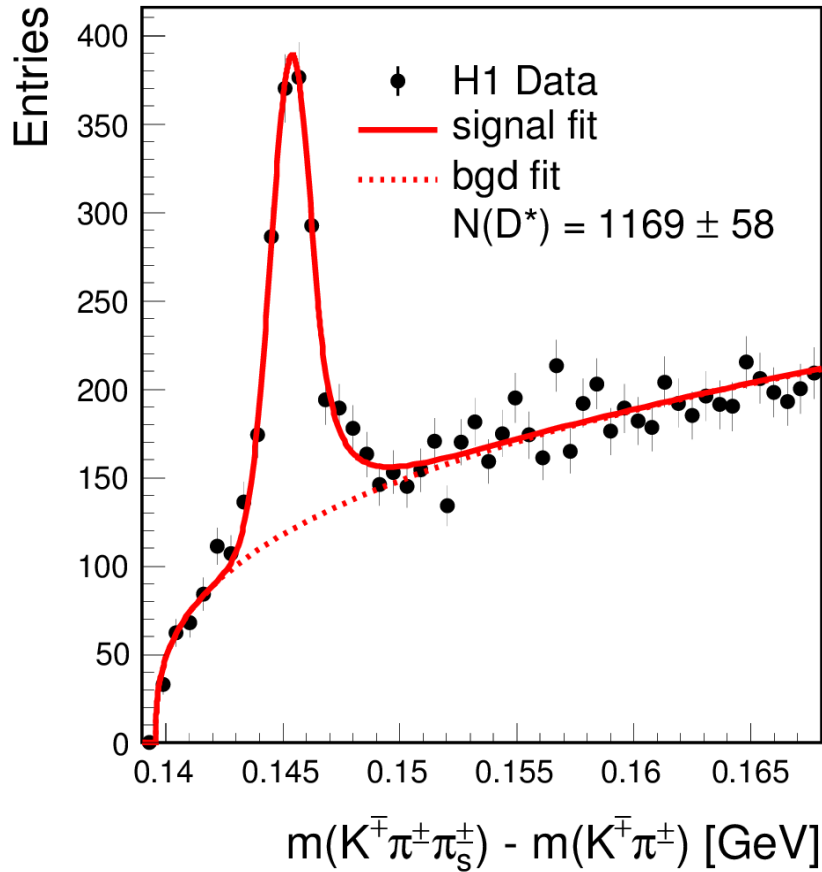
$$|m(K^\mp \pi^\pm) - m(D_{\text{PDG}}^0)| < 80 \text{ MeV} \quad m_{D^0}^{\text{PDG}} = 1864.83 \pm 0.05 \text{ GeV}$$

N(D*) obtained from fits to Δm distributions done simultaneously for right and wrong charge combinations

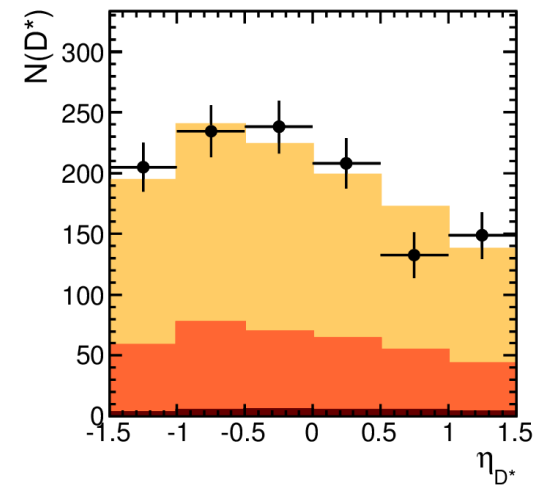
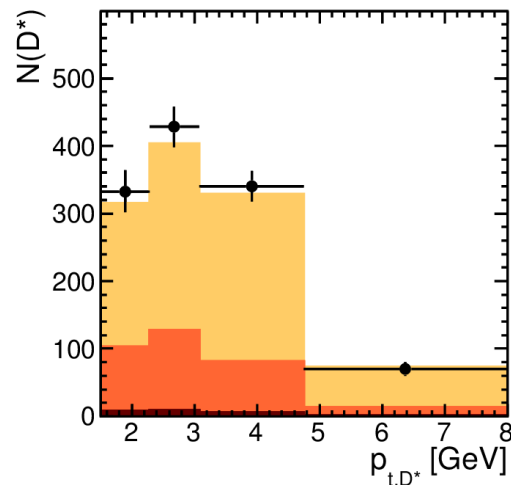
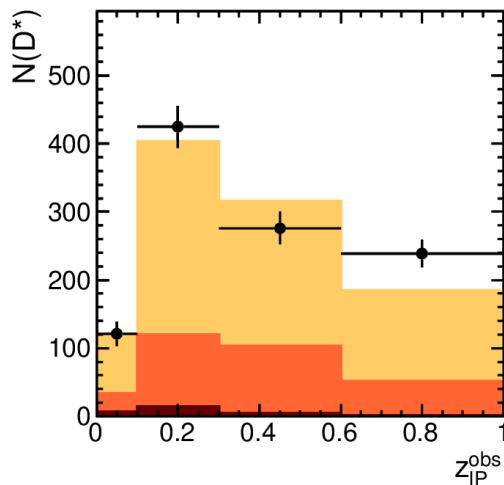
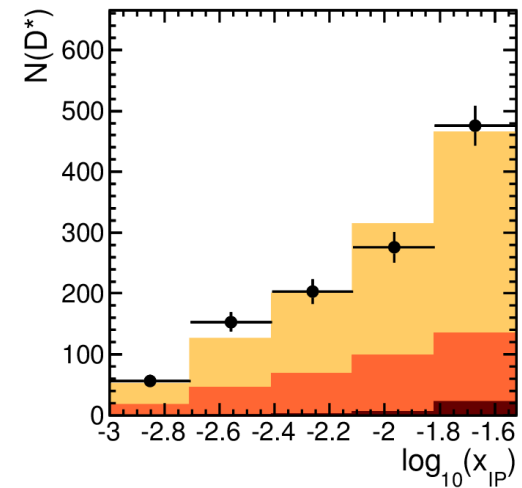
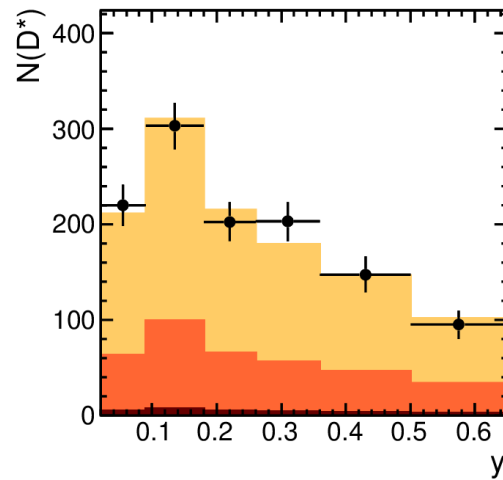
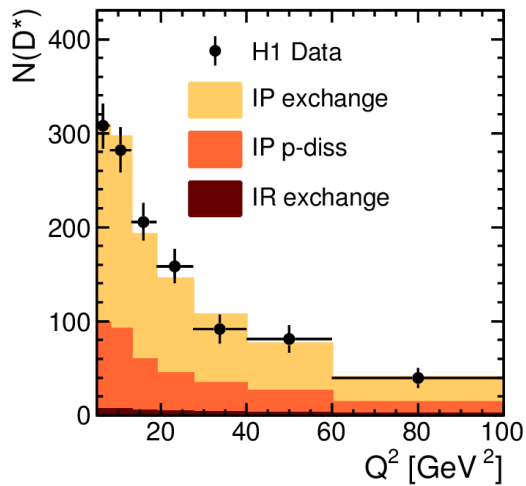
signal: Crystal Ball ... gaussian with pow. law tail

background: Granet fcn: $f(\Delta m - m_{\pi^\pm}) = (\Delta m - m_{\pi^\pm})^{p_1} \cdot \exp(-p_2(\Delta m - m_{\pi^\pm}))$

D* in diffractive DIS



Fit to the total data statistics



Differential $N(D^*)$ distributions from fits to data and simulations

elastic proton IP exchange dominant ... $p \rightarrow eX(D^*)p$

contribution of PD

small IR exchange

non-diffractive contribution negligible due to LRG cuts

Cross section measurement

measured $N(D^*)$ corrected for

- detector effects
- branching ratio $D^* \rightarrow K \pi \pi$
- other D^0 decay channels
- QED effects

$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{dx}\right)_i = \frac{N_i^{\text{data}} - N_i^{\text{sim,bgr}}}{\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} \Delta_i^x B_r \varepsilon_{\text{trigg}} A_i} C_{\text{corr},i}^{\text{QED}}$$

$$A_i = \frac{N_i^{\text{sim}} - N_i^{\text{sim,bgr}}}{n_i^{\text{sim}}}$$

comparison with theory in NLO QCD

- HVQDIS code (heavy flavour σ in DIS)

B. W. Harris and J. Smith, *Nucl. Phys.* **B452** (1995) 109
Phys. Rev. **D57** (1998) 2806.

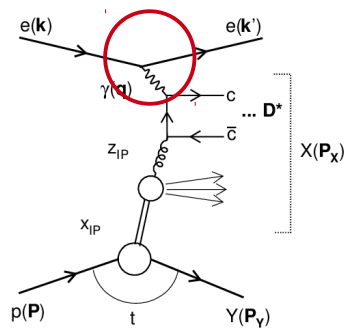
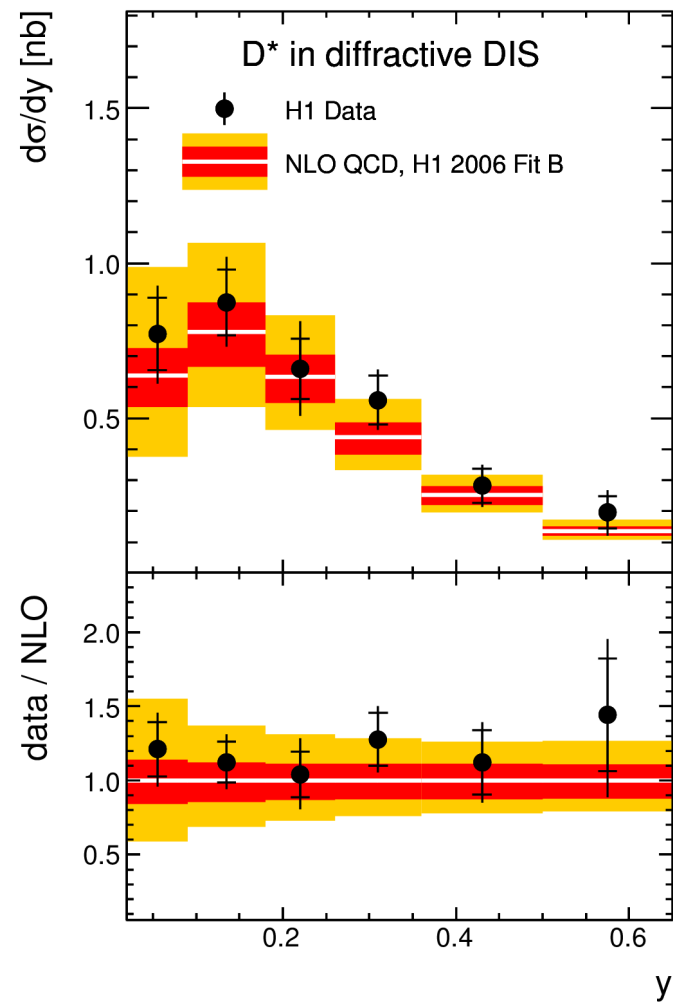
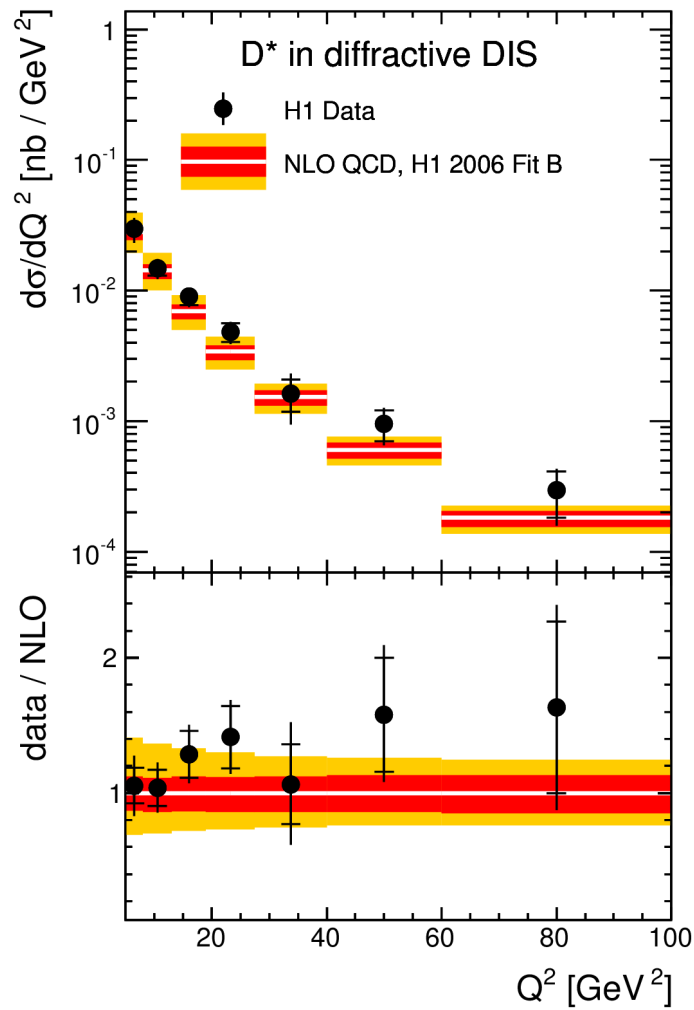
- modified for diffraction, H1 2006 Fit B
- independent fragmentation of charm added *H1 Eur. Phys. J.* **C59** (2009) 589.

DIS phase space
$5 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$ $0.02 < y < 0.65$
D^* kinematics
$p_{t,D^*} > 1.5 \text{ GeV}$ $-1.5 < \eta_{D^*} < 1.5$
Diffraction phase space
$x_{\mathbb{P}} < 0.03$ $M_Y < 1.6 \text{ GeV}$ $ t < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$

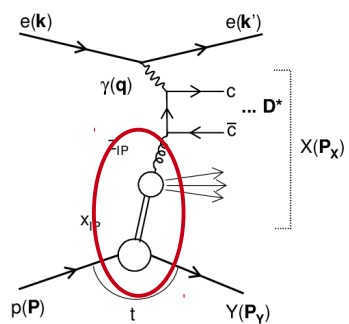
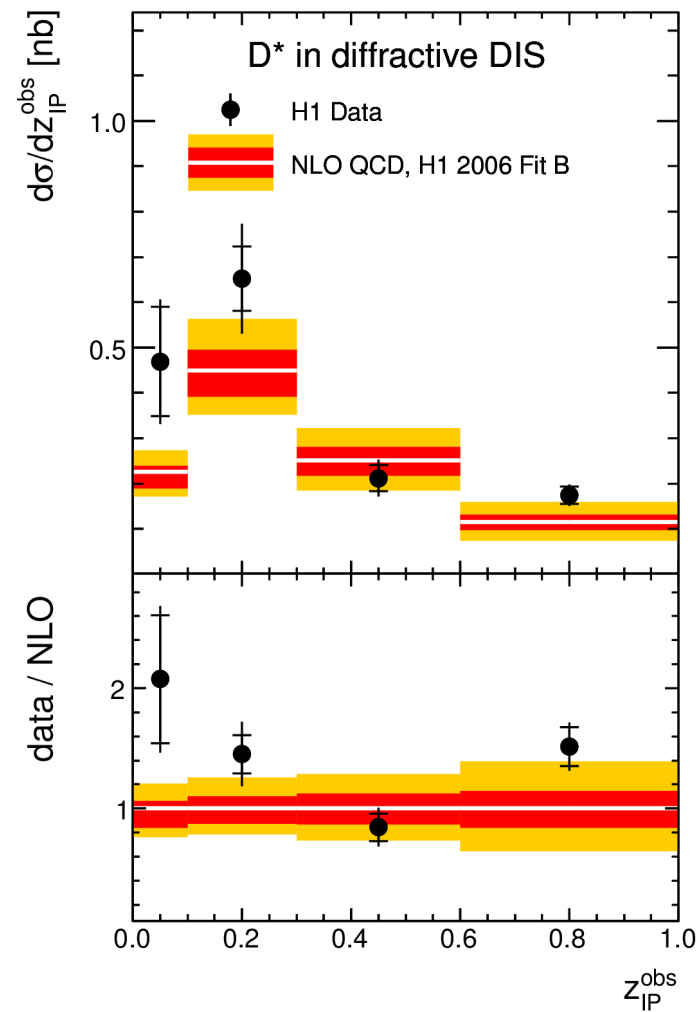
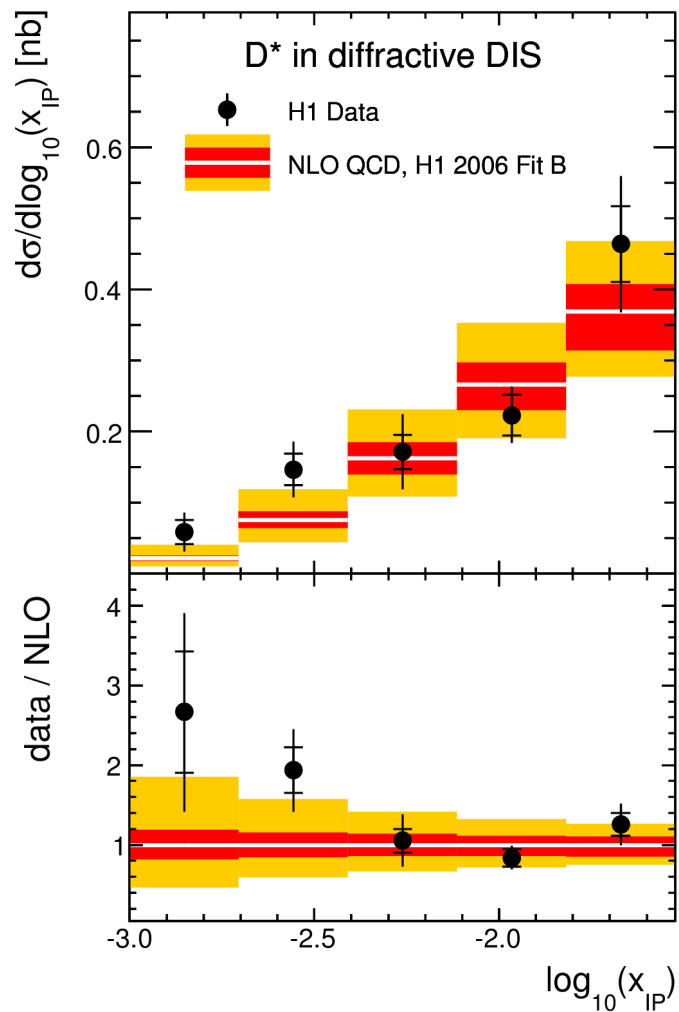
$$\sigma_{ep \rightarrow eYX(D^*)} = 314 \pm 23 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 35 \text{ (syst.) pb} \quad \text{dominant PD norm. (22 pb)}$$

$$\sigma_{ep \rightarrow eYX(D^*)}^{\text{theory}} = 265^{+54}_{-40} \text{ (scale)} \quad ^{+68}_{-54} (m_c) \quad ^{+7.0}_{-8.2} \text{ (frag.)} \quad ^{+31}_{-35} \text{ (DPDF) pb}$$

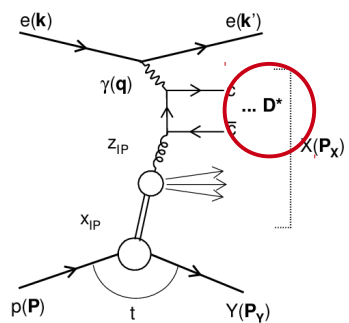
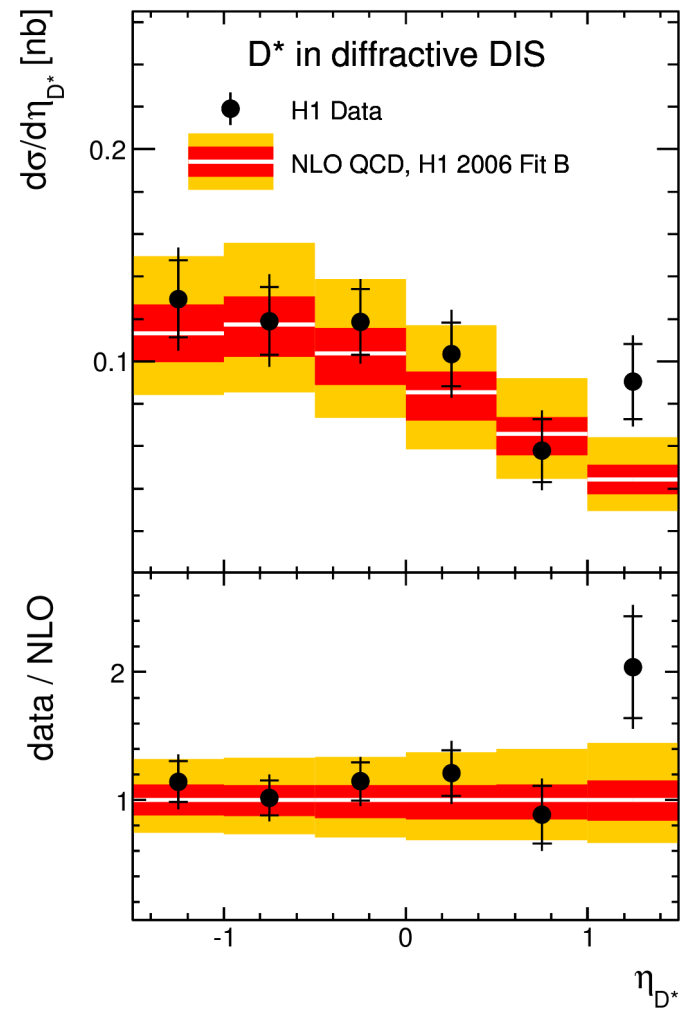
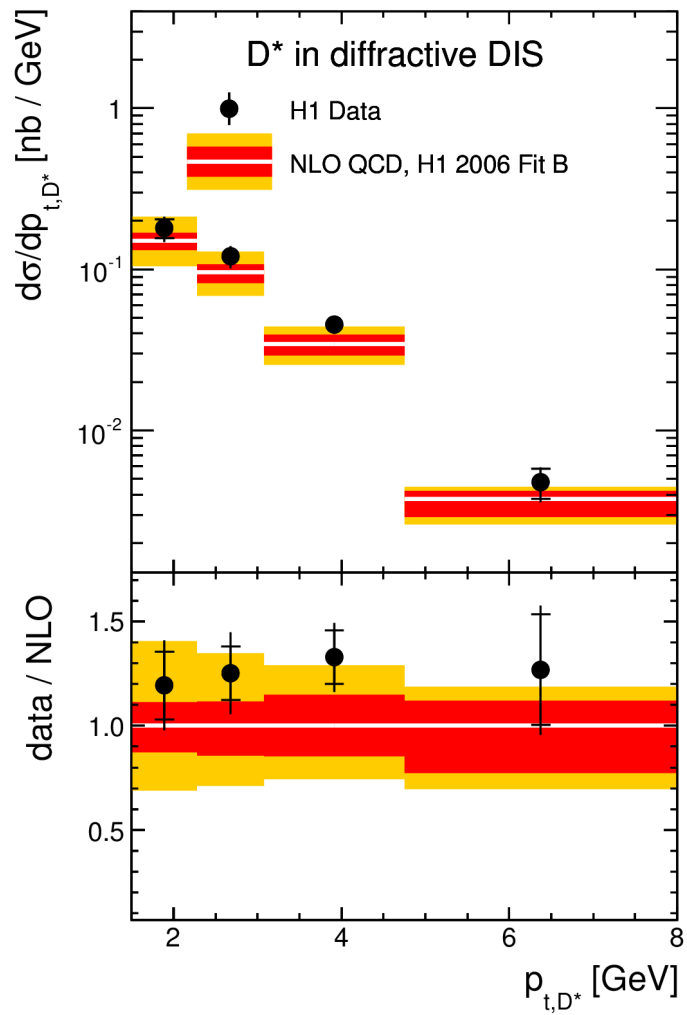
$\mu \times 0.5(2) \quad m_c = 1.5 (1.3, 1.7)$



■ DPDF \oplus frag



■ DPDF \oplus frag



■ DPDF \oplus frag

Diffraction fraction

using non-diffractive D^* DIS cross sections published by H1

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extrapolations by HVQDIS to a common PS ($\sim 1\% - 3.5\%$)

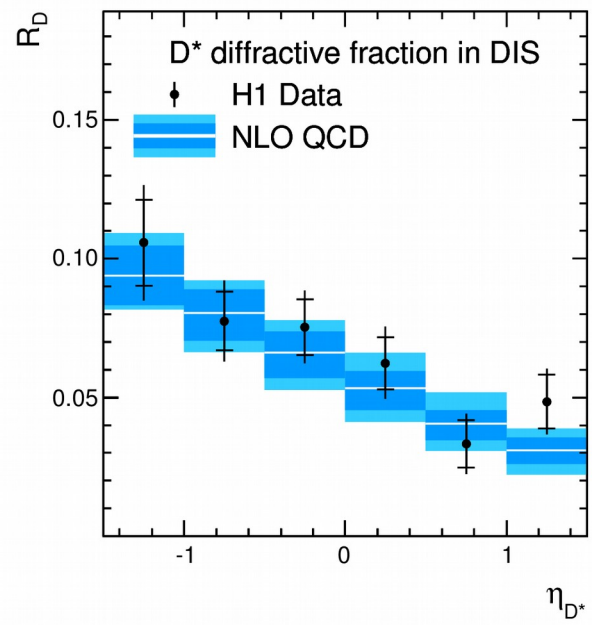
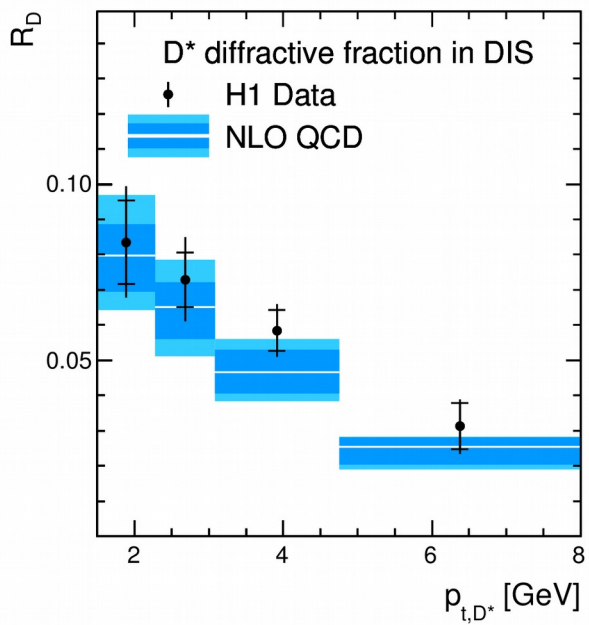
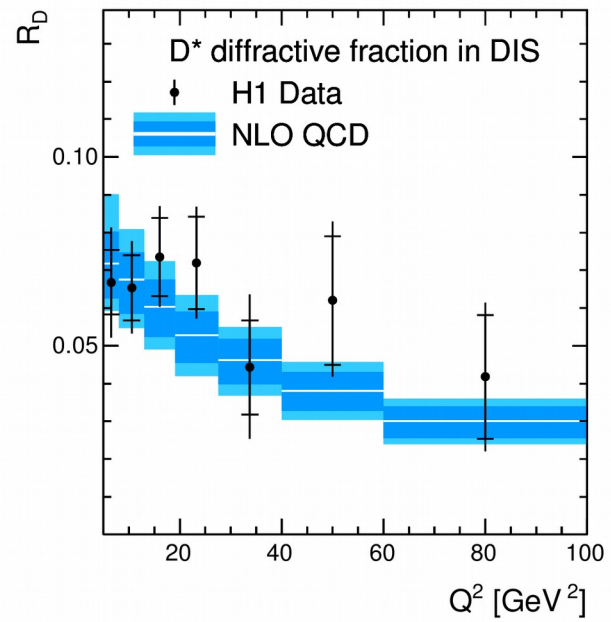
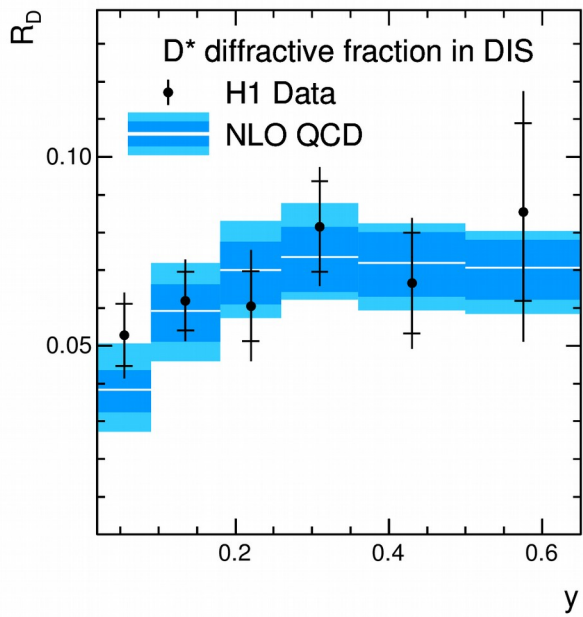
partial cancellation of systematic uncertainties

theoretical prediction by HVQDIS in NLO QCD

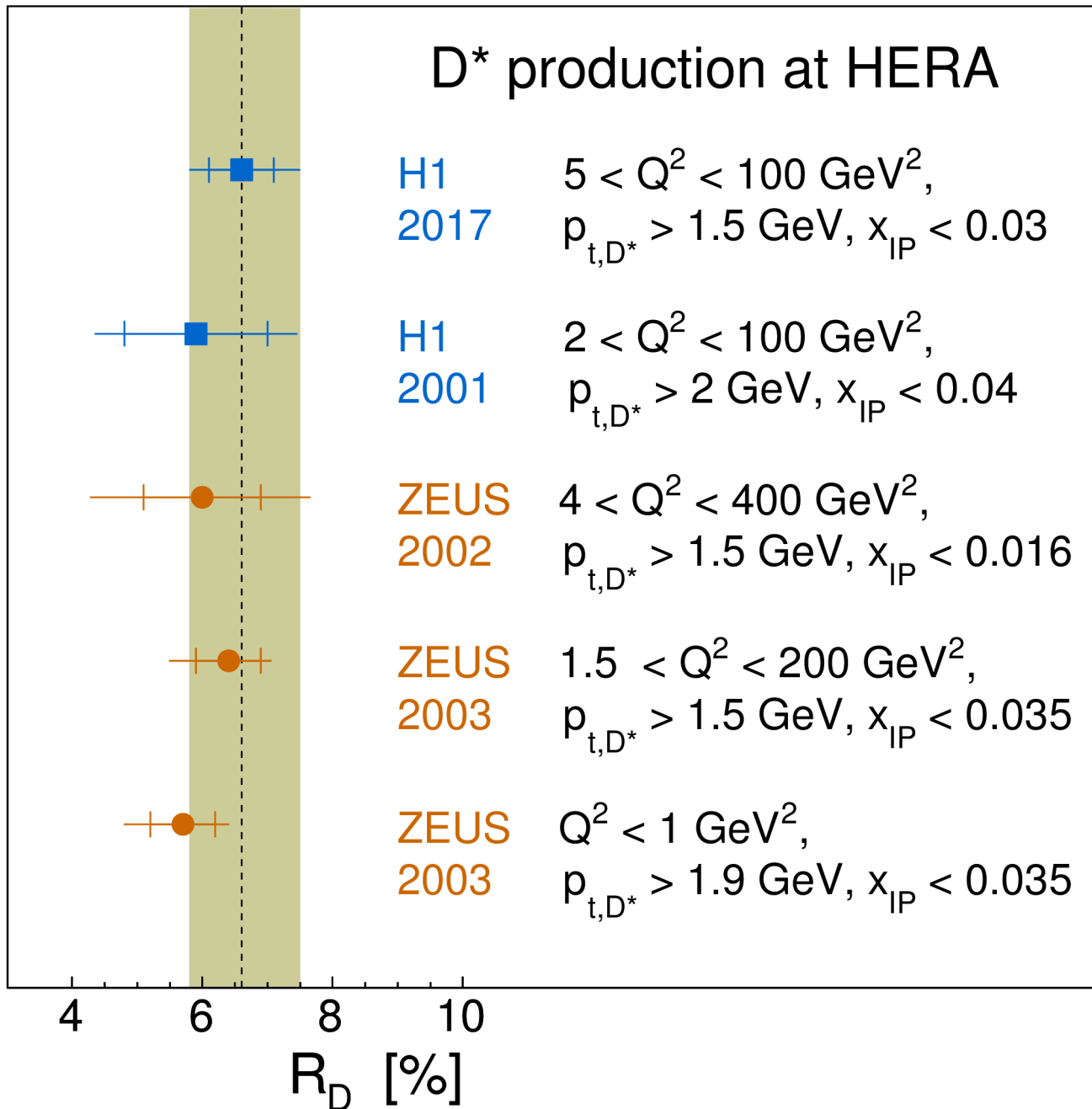
the same fragmentation for diff. and n-diff. prediction

using CT10F3 PDF *Phys.Rev.* **D82** (2010) 074024.

Differential and integrated diffractive fractions R_D measured



Diffractive fraction



present result

H1 Phys. Lett. B520 (2001) 191

ZEUS Phys. Lett. B545 (2002) 244

ZEUS Nucl. Phys. B672 (2003) 3

ZEUS Eur.Phys.J. C 51 (2007) 301

Conclusions

Diffractional D^* production cross sections in DIS measured by H1

with higher statistics ... $N(D^*) \sim 1200$ (120 @ HERA-1)

within uncertainties both shapes and normalisation
well reproduced by NLO QCD predictions using H1 2006 DPDF Fit B

support for collinear factorisation in DDIS

Diffractional fraction

differential shapes are in agreement with theoretical prediction showing kin. dependence due to limitations of the diffractional phase space

integrated fraction is in agreement with previous HERA measurements, on average there is a weak sensitivity on details of the phase space definition